AUBURN CITYCOUNCIL

To the Joint Regional Planning Panel

Planning and Environment Department

92 Parramatta Road, LIDCOMBE

REPORT FOR JRPP DA-266/2011 GF:KR

SUMMARY

Applicant	Restifa & Partners
Owner	SPG Investments Pty Limited
Application No.	DA-266/2011
Description of Land	Lot 11 DP 1102278, 92 Parramatta Road, LIDCOMBE
Proposed Development	Alterations and additions to existing bulky goods premises,
	internal reconfiguration of tenancies including creation of new
	tenancies and use of premises for retail sales
Site Area	35,850m ²
Zoning	Zone B6 - Enterprise Corridor
Disclosure of political	Nil disclosure
donations and gifts	
Issues	Parking Availability

Recommendation

1. That Development Application No. DA-266/2011 for alterations and additions to existing bulky goods premises, internal reconfiguration of tenancies including creation of new tenancies and use of premises for retail sales on land at 92 Parramatta Road, LIDCOMBE be approved subject to conditions attached.

History and Consultations

DA617/2003 Application for the Original Power Centre Building

Council, at its meeting of 3 November 2004 resolved to approve Development Application No 617/2003 for construction of a bulky goods retail centre comprising of 21 bulky goods retailing tenancies, 3 restaurants and car parking for 1,050 vehicles subject to conditions of development consent.

Section 96(1A) modification DA617/2003/A, was approved under delegated authority on 4 May 2005, to modify the bulky goods retail centre to vary the car park layout and entries, number and size of tenancies, addition of a mezzanine parking level and changes to the external appearance of the building.

Section 96(1A) modification DA617/2003/C was approved under delegated authority on 14 June 2005, to modify the bulky goods retail centre to vary the timing of the registration of the plan of consolidation subject to a change in Condition 24.

Section 96(1A) modification DA617/2003/B was approved under delegated authority on 10 August 2005 to modify the bulky goods retail centre to extend the construction hours permitted on Saturdays to between 7 am and 5 pm subject to a change in Condition 40.

Section 96(1A) modification DA617/2003/D was approved under delegated authority on 14 October 2005 to modify the bulky goods retail centre to amend Condition 17, the balustrade details and external signage panels.

Section 96(1A) modification DA617/2003/E was approved under delegated authority on 28 August 2006 to modify the bulky goods retail centre to replace part of the front water feature with planting and umbrellas.

Section 96(1A) modification DA617/2003/F was approved under delegated authority on 4 October 2006 to modify the bulky goods retail centre Condition 51 relating to the lodgement of a positive covenant with the Land Titles Office. The application was approved subject to a change in Condition 51.

Section 96(2) modification DA617/2003/G was approved on 21 February 2007 to amend approved bulky goods retailing facility by modification to description and tenancy layout to comprise of 22 bulky goods retail showrooms, 2 restaurants, 6 refreshment rooms and associated seating and 5 bulky goods retailing/other permissible use tenancies

Pre-lodgement Application PL23/2011

The subject application was the subject of a pre lodgement application lodged on the 7 June 2011. A meeting was held between Council and the applicant on the 24 June 2011 and written advice was provided to the applicant on the 5 July 2011.

Subject Application DA266/2011

The subject development Application DA266/2011 was lodged with Council on the 29 July 2011. Notification and exhibition occurred between 16 August to 30 August 2011. Due to the total capital investment value exceeding the 10 million threshold applicable at the time, the Joint Regional Planning Panel would be the determination body in this instance and was notified of the proposal on the 5 August 2011. The application, due to the proximity to

Parramatta Road and number of vehicles involved was notified to the Road and Traffic Authority on the 10 August 2011.

After confirmation of the Roads and Traffic Authority's issues with the application a detailed issues letter was sent to the applicant on the 12 October 2011requesting further details relating to the specific uses applied for as part of the application, parking and access, loading bay area, the Roads and Traffic Authority's issues and public submissions received.

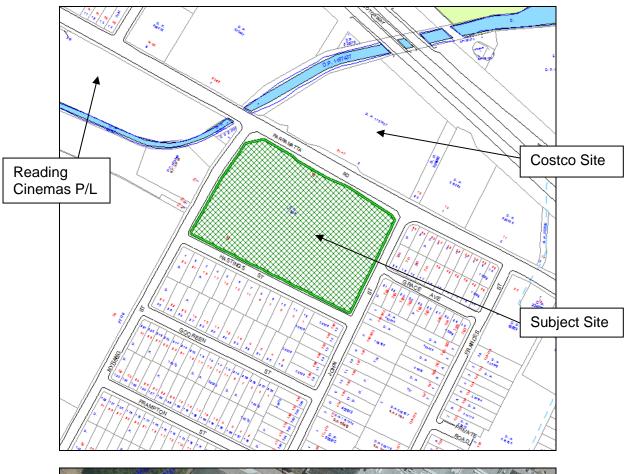
A formal response to the above correspondence was received by Council on 26 October 2011. The submission provided supporting documentation which sought to clarify the uses and traffic issues raised by Council.

Site and Locality Description

The site known as 92 Parramatta Road, Lidcombe and legally identified as Lot 11 DP 1102278 is currently occupied by the multi storey "Auburn Power Centre" building which contains bulky good retail premises, refreshment rooms and a bowling alley. The site is situated on the southern side of Parramatta Road, east of Haslam's Creek and is bounded by Parramatta Road, Nyrang Street, Hastings Creek and John Street as shown in the site map below. The land is generally rectangular in shape with an area of approximately 3.6 hectares and frontages to the four streets of Parramatta Road 208m, Nyrang Street 154m, Hastings Street 244m, John Street 142m.

Land adjoining the site to the east, north and west comprises the Parramatta Road enterprise corridor, which includes light industrial, bulky good showrooms, building supplies and retail, which benefit from proximity to Parramatta Road. Land to the south of the site comprises a low density residential precinct of predominantly detached dwellings. Directly to the north of the site across Parramatta Road is the recently completed and operational Costco Bulky good and retail centre.

The site is shown below:





Description of Proposed Development

Statutory context

Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010 (Amendment 1)

The Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010 (Amendment 1) has direct relevance to the considerations of this report as it was this amendment which introduced Clause 6.9 into the Local Environmental Plan. Clause 6.9 allows for "retail premises" as a permissible activity for land which lies within the "Commercial Precinct" identified on the Key Sites Map. The amendment also introduced Floor Space Ratio concessions for particular development types (Bulky Goods Premises and Commercial Premises) within the Key Sites and Floor space Ratio Maps.

Traffic Management Accessibility Plan (TMAP) for Parramatta Road Commercial Precinct

A Traffic Management Accessibility Plan (TMAP) for Parramatta Road Commercial Precinct (PRCP) was prepared as part of *Auburn Local Environmental Plan (Amendment No 1)* in order to satisfy the Roads and Traffic Authority's concerns regarding traffic movement along the section of Parramatta Road. The TMAP addresses the traffic issues pertaining to the introduction of the retail premises use. This matter is considered to be of particular relevance to this subject development proposal given the traffic and parking issues identified in the assessment of the application. These are discussed in detail in the body of this report.

The TMAP report undertook detailed traffic modelling in order to assess the anticipated traffic loading assuming the section of Parramatta road was developed for commercial purposes. The outcome of the report identifies a series of infrastructure upgrades required in order to facilitate the additional loading.

It is the conclusion of the report that with delivery of these infrastructure upgrades will result in an acceptable demand release being achieved in the models, and acceptable levels of service, degrees of saturation and right-turn queuing for Parramatta Road intersections.

The applicant for the development has agreed to the payment of a portion of the costs associated with the implementation of the TMAP recommendations. This is included as a recommended condition of consent attached to this report.

Development proposal

Council has received a development application for alterations and additions to existing bulky goods premises, internal reconfiguration of tenancies including creation of new tenancies and use of premises for retail sales.

The scope of works for which consent is sought involves a minor increase in the floor space of the existing centre and a partial change of use to retail premises.

Specifically the application involves minor external changes to the presentation of the building, with the majority of the works being internal. The following primary elements are identified:

 Internal reconfiguration of the ground and first floors to establish a mix of retail and bulky goods tenancies;

- Occupation of certain ground floor tenancies to establish a supermarket (4,211m2), discount department store (5,016m2), a mini-major store (1,376m2);
- Installation of a new pedestrian lift connecting the ground floor of the building and the footpath to Parramatta Road, and
- Remodelling of the northern building facade to Parramatta Road.

These works will enable a significant re-organisation of the building to allow for a greater number and mix of tenancies. Broadly the ground floor of the complex will comprise retail uses whilst the first floor will comprise bulky goods outlets however some retail premises on the first floor are proposed. When complete, the mix of uses within the building would comprise:

- 15,359m2 of retail area; and
- 17,851m2 of bulky goods.

A summary of the major differences in the existing building to the proposed modified building is provided in the following table:

	Existing	Proposed	Change
Gross floor area	32,693m ²	33,210m ²	+ 517m ²
Total tenancies	31	55	+ 24
Total parking supply	980	998	+18

The centre when completed would consist of 51 tenancies comprising 38 dedicated retail premises and 13 dedicated bulky good premises. 6 kiosk style occupancies (of 10 m² only) are also proposed in the mall component of the ground floor.

The retail premises feature principally on the ground floor of the premises however 4 premises are proposed on the first floor and a mezzanine extension to retail tenancy 8 on the first floor level of the centre. There are generally three size ranges of retail tenancies; small (35 $\text{m}^2 - 74 \text{ m}^2$), medium (94.6 $\text{m}^2 - 597 \text{ m}^2$) and two large tenancies whose floor areas are 4211.1 m^2 and 5016 m^2 respectively.

Other than for remodelling of the northern facade, all works are contained within the building, and therefore do not alter:

- Built form presentation to Nyrang, Hastings or John Streets;
- Arrangements for access by service vehicles; or
- Arrangements for vehicle or pedestrian access onto the site.

As noted above, this application seeks consent to establish the following new uses within the Centre:

- Retail premises (supermarket) in Tenancy T1 (ground level)
- Retail premises (discount department store) in Tenancy T18 (ground level)
- Retail premises (liquor store) in Tenancy T32 (ground level)

The operating characteristics of these uses are shown in the following Table:

Tenancy Use	Staff	Proposed Hours	Delivery Times	Goods proposed
Supermarket	Up to 160, with	24 Hour operation	2 semi trailers	Groceries, green
	35 - 50 people		per day with up to	groceries, bakery and
	on site at any		10 additional	deli items, general
	one time.		deliveries by	merchandise
			smaller vehicles.	

			Delivery hours 6am and 10pm.	
Discount Department store	Up to 150, with 20 people on site at any one time.	Monday – Friday 8am to Midnight. Saturday and Sunday 8am to 10pm	6am to midnight	General merchandise consistent with a K Mart Store
Liquor store	30 people at any one time	9am to 10pm seven days	1 semi trailer per day with up to 15 deliveries via smaller trucks	Liquor and associated items, no consumption in store

In order to establish the new ground floor retail tenancies the existing 'Anaconda' bulky goods store will be relocated to the first floor. The change in use of that first floor tenancy and associated fit out works will proceed under a separate application.

Any signage associated with the new tenancies, which differs in form or location from the external signage strategy for the site approved under prior DA 617/03 will be the subject of a separate application.

Referrals

Internal Referrals

Development Engineer

The development application was referred to Council's Development Engineer for comment who has advised that the development was not considered acceptable for the following reasons:

- a) A total of 1086 parking spaces are required for the proposed uses on site. Based on the existing parking available (998) a shortfall of 88 spaces is identified.
- b) RTA's and Council's parking guidelines require of 3 spaces per lane for the existing Bowling alley development.

It is not appropriate to use a one-off parking study from the existing facility to vary the parking demand that is based on RTA's data analysis. Any reduction of parking space will affect the future operation of the facility if it operates at its full capacity.

It should be noted that parking surveys are influenced by many factors including operational performance of the business, time period of the survey and number of surveys. In this regard, any general comparison shall be made with similar developments.

c) RTA's shopping centre parking demand model parameters including bulky goods constant shall not be changed and 24 spaces per 1000m² shall be used in the calculations. Comparison and modification of parking demand, in isolation, for bulky goods retail stores are not appropriate within shopping centre developments.

RTA rates for model parameter are not limited to Myer and David Jones and it includes furniture, electrical and utility goods stores also.

Any changes to the RTA's model, which is based on extensive surveys of shopping centres, can be considered with similar surveys of shopping centres.

- d) The report does not provide the details of the bulky goods centres quoted in the report in order to verify the nature of the centres and to compare similarity with the proposed development.
- e) Adequate loading area shall be provided for the development.

A discussion of the parking rates and issues is provided under the Auburn DCP 2010 Parking and Loading section of the report.

Building Surveyor

The development application was referred to Council's Building Surveyor for comment who has raised no objections to the proposed development subject to the inclusion of a number of recommended conditions in any development consent issued for the proposal.

Environmental Health

The development application was referred to Council's environmental Health Officer for comment who has raised no objections to the proposed development subject to the inclusion of a number of recommended conditions in any development consent issued for the proposal.

It should be noted that the Environmental Health Officer considered that insufficient details regarding the proposed fit out of the major tenancies was submitted. It was requested by the Environmental Health Officer that is further fit out details were received, for the revised details to be forwarded to them for further comment. This matter was raised with the applicant in Council's additional information request letter dated 12 October 2011 however, no new fit-out plans as requested were submitted for the Environmental Health Officers to review.

As a consequence, it is recommended that a condition of consent require separate development application be lodged for fit out of each premises.

External Referrals

Roads and Traffic Authority

The proposal, consisting of more than 900 car parking spaces and proximity to a regionally significant classified road, constituted a "traffic generating development" in accordance with Schedule 3 of the SEPP (*Infrastructure*) 2007. Therefore the application was referred to the Roads and Traffic Authority of NSW for consideration. In a letter received by Council on 10 August 2011, it was advised:

"The Sydney Regional Development Advisory Committee (SRDAC) discussed the proposed development at its meeting held on 24 August 2011 and provides the following comments:

- 1. Council raises the concern with regard to shortage of the number of car parking spaces provided on the subject site. Car parking provision should be to Council's satisfaction.
- 2. The layout of the proposed car parking areas associated with the subject development (including, driveways, grades, turn paths, sight distance requirements, aisle widths, aisle lengths, and parking bay dimensions) should be in accordance with AS 2890.1 2004 and AS 2890 2002 for service areas.

- 3. The swept path analysis plans of the longest service vehicle entering and exiting the subject site, as well as manoeuvrability through the site, shall be in accordance with AUSTROADS, The plan should be submitted to Council for review and approval.
- 4. The RTA understands that Council is preparing a development contribution plan for the required road work identified in the Transport Management & Accessibility Plan (TMAP) as part of Parramatta Road Retail Precinct rezoning proposal. A proportion of monetary contribution shall be collected from the current development towards the provision of the required road works identified as part of the rezoning.
- 5. It is strongly recommended that Transport for NSW and the State Transit Authority (STA) be consulted to determine if additional bus services can be provided or rerouted to this development to achieve a reasonable mode shift to public transport. Consideration should be given to provide a shuttle bus service surrounding the area.
- 6. All vehicles should be wholly contained on site before being required to stop.
- 7. All loading and unloading activity shall occur on site.
- 8. All vehicles are to enter and leave the site in a forward direction,
- 9. The required sight lines to pedestrians or other vehicles in or around the car- park or entrances should not be compromised by landscaping, signage, fencing or display materials. In addition, measures should be implemented to improve visibility to pedestrians and other vehicles where sight distance is restricted.
- 10. A Demolition and Construction Traffic Management Plan detailing construction vehicle routes, number of trucks, hours of operation, access arrangements and traffic control should be submitted to Council for approval for different stages, prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate for each stage
- 11. All demolition and construction vehicles are to be contained wholly within the site and must enter the site before stopping,
- 12. The developer shall be responsible for all public utility adjustments/relocation works, necessitated by the above work and as required by the various public utility authorities and/or their agents.
- 13. All works/regulatory signposting associated with the proposed development are to be at no cost to the RTA.

In accordance with Clause 104(4) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007, it is essential that a copy of Council's determination on the proposal (conditions of consent if approved) is forwarded to the RTA at the same time it is sent to the developer."

The provisions of any Environmental Planning Instruments (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(i))

State Environmental Planning Policies

The proposed development is affected by the following State Environmental Planning Policies:

State Environmental Planning Policy No.55 - Remediation of Land

Under DA617/2003, the site had been the subject of an Environmental Site Assessment and Remedial Action Plan, prepared by Environmental Investigation Services (Ref No E17737FK3-RPT) dated November 2003. Contaminants were found prior to redevelopment; however, the site has been remediated and redeveloped for the bulky good shopping centre.

The subject building works do not require any additional excavation works and will not disturb the natural ground underneath the building. There is no history of any new contaminating activities since construction of the new bulky goods centre. Council is satisfied that the site is suitable to accommodate the proposed redevelopment without being subject to any further contamination investigations. The application is considered to be satisfactory with regards to the provisions of State Environmental Planning Policy 55.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Major Development) 2007

Consistent with clauses 13B and 13F of this Policy, the project has a Capital Investment Value exceeding \$10 million and therefore the Joint Regional Planning Panel will be the consent authority. The threshold CIV value has since been altered to \$20 million, however at the time this application was lodged that amendment to the Policy had not commenced and accordingly the proposal is still required to be determined by the Joint Regional Planning Panel.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

Clause 101 of SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007 is applicable to the development and is as follows:

"101 Development with frontage to classified road

- (1) The objectives of this clause are:
 - (a) to ensure that new development does not compromise the effective and ongoing operation and function of classified roads, and
 - (b) to prevent or reduce the potential impact of traffic noise and vehicle emission on development adjacent to classified roads.
- (2) The consent authority must not grant consent to development on land that has a frontage to a classified road unless it is satisfied that:
 - (a) where practicable, vehicular access to the land is provided by a road other than the classified road, and
 - (b) the safety, efficiency and ongoing operation of the classified road will not be adversely affected by the development as a result of:
 - (i) the design of the vehicular access to the land, or
 - (ii) the emission of smoke or dust from the development, or
 - (iii) the nature, volume or frequency of vehicles using the classified road to gain access to the land,"

The development is considered satisfactory with regard to this clause and SEPP (Infrastructure) 2007 in that no new vehicular access points into the existing building are proposed nor is there any substantial alteration to the proposed methods of access and loading to the facility (however a discussion regarding loading bay capacity is discussed later in the report). The building has one existing entry only slip lane via Parramatta Road with two alternative secondary car access points being located at either ends of the building (John Street and Nyrang Street). Loading bay access is also via John Street and Nyrang Street. This is considered to be the optimal arrangement with regard to minimising

impact to Parramatta Road. No other works are proposed in or directly adjacent to the Road Reserve.

As a result of there being no alteration to the access arrangements to Parramatta Road, the application was not "integrated development" for the purposes of gaining approval for access to Parramatta Road under the *Road Act 1993*.

The application has been referred to the Roads and Traffic Authority for Concurrence in accordance with Clause 104 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Schedule 3 Column 3 Multiple triggers for referral – number of cars, area of commercial space etc) and their comments are provided under the External referrals heading. It is however noted that no fundamental objection to the development has been provided by the Roads and Traffic Authority and the authority has resolved to allow parking rate and volumes to be determined to the satisfaction of Council.

<u>Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Competition) 2010</u>

This draft SEPP has been on public exhibition on the Department Of Planning website since 27 July 2010. The aims of the policy are to promote economic growth and competition and to remove anti competitive barriers in environmental planning and assessment. The SEPP requires under Clauses 8 and 9 that the commercial viability of proposed commercial development or the impact to other existing commercial development is not a matter to be taken into consideration by a consent authority for the purposes of determining a development application under Part 4 of the Act. The consent authority is required to consider the impact of the development with regard to overall adverse impact to the extent of adequacy of facilities and services available to the local community.

The development is considered to be in accordance with the Draft SEPP in that proposed development will promote competition between commercial premises in the immediate locality and the impact to the local community has been considered and the proposed development will not adversely impact upon the capacity of Parramatta Road and result in further commercial opportunities available to service the local community. The development is acceptable in this regard.

Regional Environmental Plans

The proposed development is affected by the following Regional Environmental Plans:

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005

The subject site is identified as being located within the area affected by SREP (Sydney Harbour Catchment) 2005. The proposed development raises no issues as no impact on the catchment is envisaged. Therefore, it is considered to be generally consistent with the relevant objectives and requirements of the Plan.

Local Environmental Plans

<u>Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010</u>

The relevant objectives and provisions of Auburn LEP 2010 have been considered in the following assessment table:

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
Part 1 Preliminary				
1.1 Name of Plan				
This Plan is Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010.				
1.1 AA Commencement				
This Plan commences on the day on which it is published on the NSW legislation website.				The plan was gazetted on 29 October 2010.
1.2 Aims of Plan				
(1) This Plan aims to make local environmental planning provisions for land in Auburn in accordance with the relevant standard environmental planning instrument under section 33A of the Act.				
(2) The particular aims of this Plan are as follows:(a) to establish planning standards that are clear, specific and flexible in their	\boxtimes			Some flexibility in the consideration of appropriate parking rates is being considered in this instance.
application, (b) to foster integrated, sustainable development that contributes to Auburn's environmental, social and				The overall development is considered to contribute positively to the social environment in the locality in that it will enhance the availability of retail services in
physical well-being, (c) to protect areas from inappropriate				the area. The development is considered to be
development, (d) to minimise risk to the community by restricting development in sensitive				appropriate. The development is not located in or near any sensitive areas.
areas, (e) to integrate principles of ecologically sustainable development into land				
use controls, (f) to protect, maintain and enhance the natural ecosystems, including watercourses, wetlands and riparian				
land, (g) to facilitate economic growth and employment opportunities within Auburn,				The development will make a major contribution to economic growth and employment opportunities in the area.
(h) to identify and conserve the natural, built and cultural heritage,				There will be no impact to existing natural, built or cultural heritage in the locality.
(i) to provide recreational land, community facilities and land for public purposes.				No existing recreational land will be affected by the proposal and the development will promote the availability of retail and commercial services in the locality.

Cla	use	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
1.3	Land to which Plan applies				
(1)	This Plan applies to the land identified on the Land Application Map.	\boxtimes			The plan will apply to the site.
(2)	Note. Part 23 of Schedule 3 to the State Environmental Planning Policy (Major Development) 2005 applies to certain land identified on the Land Application Map. Despite subclause (1), this Plan does not apply to the land identified on the Land Application Map as "Deferred matter".	\boxtimes			
1.4	Definitions				
	Dictionary at the end of this Plan defines ds and expressions for the purposes of this n.				
1.6	Consent authority				The consent authority for this development
	consent authority for the purposes of this is (subject to the Act) the Council.				in this instance is the Joint Regional Planning Panel due to the Capital Investment Value of the development.
1.7	Maps				
(1)	A reference in this Plan to a named map adopted by this Plan is a reference to a map by that name:				The maps are particularly relevant in this instance as the Key Sites Map designates the site as being located in the
	(a) approved by the Minister when the map is adopted, and				"Commercial Precinct" which permits "retailing" as a permissible activity on the site and within the B6 Enterprise Corridor
	(b) as amended or replaced from time to time by maps declared by environmental planning instruments to amend or replace that map, and approved by the Minister when the instruments are made.				zone.
(2)	Any 2 or more named maps may be combined into a single map. In that case, a reference in this Plan to any such named map is a reference to the relevant part or aspect of the single map.				
(3)	Any such maps are to be kept and made available for public access in accordance with arrangements approved by the				
(4)	Minister. For the purposes of this Plan, a map may be in, and may be kept and made available in, electronic or paper form, or both.				
1.8 <i>A</i>	A Savings provision relating to elopment applications				
beforelation	development application has been made ore the commencement of this Plan in tion to land to which this Plan applies and application has not been finally determined ore that commencement, the application				The savings provisions of the previous local environmental plan do not apply to this application.

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
must be determined as if this Plan had not commenced.				
Note. However, under Division 4B of Part 3 of the Act, a development application may be made for consent to carry out development that may only be carried out if the environmental planning instrument applying to the relevant land is appropriately amended or, if a new instrument, including an appropriate principal environmental planning instrument, is made, and the consent authority may consider the application. The Division requires public notice of the development application and the draft environmental planning instrument allowing the development at the same time, or as closely together as is practicable.				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
1.9 Application of SEPPs and REPs				
(1) This Plan is subject to the provisions of any State environmental planning policy and any regional environmental plan that prevail over this Plan as provided by section 36 of the Act.				
(2) The following State environmental planning policies and regional environmental plans (or provisions) do not apply to the land to which this Plan applies:				The state policies stated below are not relevant to this application.
State Environmental Planning Policy No 1— Development Standards				
State Environmental Planning Policy No 4— Development Without Consent and Miscellaneous Exempt and Complying Development (clause 6, clause 10 and Parts 3 and 4)				
State Environmental Planning Policy No 60— Exempt and Complying Development				
Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No 24— Homebush Bay Area				
1.9A Suspension of covenants, agreements and instruments				
(1) For the purpose of enabling development on land in any zone to be carried out in accordance with this Plan or with a development consent granted under the Act, any agreement, covenant or other similar instrument that restricts the carrying out of that development does not apply to the extent necessary to serve that purpose.				
(2) This clause does not apply: (a) to a covenant imposed by the Council or that the Council requires to be imposed, or (b) to any prescribed instrument within the meaning of section 183A of the				
Crown Lands Act 1989, or (c) to any conservation agreement within the meaning of the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974, or				
(d) to any Trust agreement within the meaning of the Nature Conservation Trust Act 2001, or				
(e) to any property vegetation plan within the meaning of the <i>Native Vegetation</i> Act 2003, or				
(f) to any biobanking agreement within the meaning of Part 7A of the <i>Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995</i> , or				
(g) to any planning agreement within the meaning of Division 6 of Part 4 of the				

Cla	Clause		No	N/A	Comment
	Act.				
(3)	This clause does not affect the rights or interests of any public authority under any registered instrument.			\boxtimes	
(4)	Under section 28 of the Act, the Governor, before the making of this clause, approved of subclauses (1)–(3).				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
Part 2 Permitted or prohibited development				
2.1 Land use zones				
The land use zones under this Plan are as follows:				
Residential Zones				
R2 Low Density Residential				
R3 Medium Density Residential				
R4 High Density Residential				
Business Zones				
B1 Neighbourhood Centre				
B2 Local Centre				
B4 Mixed Use				The site is located within the B6 Enterprise
B6 Enterprise Corridor				Corridor. Permissibility of the proposal is
B7 Business Park				discussed later in the report however the proposal is permissible with consent
Industrial Zones				subject to a provision provided under
IN1 General Industrial				Clause 6.9 of the ALEP 2010
IN2 Light Industrial				
Special Purpose Zones SP1 Special Activities				
SP2 Infrastructure				
Recreation Zones				
RE1 Public Recreation				
RE2 Private Recreation				
Environment Protection Zones				
E2 Environmental Conservation				
Waterway Zones				
W1 Natural Waterways				
2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies				
For the purposes of this Plan, land is within the zones shown on the Land Zoning Map.				
2.3 Zone objectives and land use table				
(1) The Table at the end of this Part specifies for each zone:				
(a) the objectives for development, and				The development is generally considered to be in accordance with the objectives of the
(b) development that may be carried out without consent, and				B6 Enterprise Corridor zone. Retail premises are not listed as being
(c) development that may be carried out only with consent, and				permissible with consent in the B6 Enterprise Corridor Zone however a
(d) development that is prohibited.				provision to allow Retail Premises is provided for the "commercial precinct"
(2) The consent authority must have regard to the objectives for development in a zone when determining a development application in respect of land within the				under Clause 6.9 in which this site is located.
zone.				
(3) In the Table at the end of this Part:				

Claus	se		Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(ot de th	reference to a type of building or her thing is a reference to evelopment for the purposes of at type of building or other thing,				
((b) a ot (d) a ot th	reference to a type of building or her thing does not include lespite any definition in this Plan) reference to a type of building or her thing referred to separately in e Table in relation to the same one.				See Clause 6.9 of the ALEP 2010
		lause is subject to the other ons of this Plan.				
Notes	S.					
		1 set out additional permitted cular land.				
(which and 5 table to is nev asses	h is gen of the hat that ma vertheles ssment a	2 sets out exempt development derally exempt from both Parts 4 Act). Development in the land use by be carried out without consent so subject to the environmental and approval requirements of Act or, if applicable, Part 3A of				
(for w	hich a d be issue	3 sets out complying development complying development certificate at as an alternative to obtaining consent).				
4 Clau		requires consent for subdivision				
		tains other provisions which ent for particular development.				
		ntains local provisions which sent for particular development.				
2.4 Uı	nzoned	l land				
(1)		opment may be carried out on ed land only with consent.			\boxtimes	The land is within the B6 Enterprise Corridor Zone.
(2)	Before author	granting consent, the consent ity:				
	ac cc de	ust consider whether the evelopment will impact on djoining zoned land and, if so, onsider the objectives for evelopment in the zones of the djoining land, and				
	cc	ust be satisfied that the evelopment is appropriate and is ompatible with permissible land ses in any such adjoining land.				
-	Addition articula					
(1)	Deve	lopment on particular land that is			\boxtimes	The additional use is permitted under

		Clause 6.9, not Schedule 1 in this instance.
	\boxtimes	
]		
	\boxtimes	A subdivision is not proposed.
		Minor demolition work is included in the works to be carried out.
		The proposal will promote a mix of compatible and employment generating uses for the locality

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(including business, office, retail and light industrial uses).				
To maintain the economic strength of centres by limiting retailing activity.			\boxtimes	This objective is not applicable in this instance as retailing is permitted in the commercial precinct identified under Clause
To provide for residential uses, but only as part of a mixed use development.			\boxtimes	6.9.
2 Permitted without consent				
Nil			\boxtimes	
3 Permitted with consent				
Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Business premises; Community facilities; Food and drink premises; Garden centres; Hardware and building supplies; Hotel or motel accommodation; Kiosks; Landscaping material supplies; Light industries; Markets; Neighbourhood shops; Passenger transport facilities; Plant nurseries; Roads; Timber yards; Vehicle sales or hire premises; Warehouse or distribution centres; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4				It is intended to convert the existing lower floor (and part of the first floor) to retail premises. While retail premises are identified as a prohibited activity under the zone table the proposal is granted an exemption to this clause by being located in the "commercial precinct" of the key sites map of the Auburn LEP 2010 which permits retail premises within the commercial precinct. See Clause 6.9 of this assessment table.
4 Prohibited				
Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Environmental facilities; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Industrial training facilities; Industries; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Open cut mining; Port facilities; Recreation facilities (major); Research stations; Residential accommodation; Restricted premises; Retail premises; Rural industries; Sewerage systems; Sex services premises; Signage; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wharf or boating facilities				

Clau	use	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
Part	4 Principal development standards				
4.1 I	Minimum subdivision lot size				
(1)	The objectives of this clause are as follows:			\boxtimes	
	(a) to ensure that lot sizes are able to accommodate development consistent with relevant development controls, and				
	(b) to ensure that subdivision of land is capable of supporting a range of development types.				
(2)	This clause applies to a subdivision of any land shown on the Lot Size Map that requires development consent and that is carried out after the commencement of this Plan.			\boxtimes	
(3)	The size of any lot resulting from a subdivision of land to which this clause applies is not to be less than the minimum size shown on the Lot Size Map in relation to that land.				
(3A)	Despite subclause (3), the minimum lot size for dwelling houses is 450 square metres.				
(3B)	Despite subclause (3), if a lot is a battle- axe lot or other lot with an access handle and is on land in Zone R2 Low Density Residential, Zone R3 Medium Density Residential, Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor, Zone B7 Business Park, Zone IN1 General Industrial and Zone IN2 Light Industrial, the minimum lot size excludes the area of the access handle.				
(3C)	Despite subclauses (3)–(3B), the minimum lot size for development on land within the Former Lidcombe Hospital Site, as shown edged blue on the Lot Size Map, is as follows in relation to development for the purpose of:				
	(a) dwelling houses:				
	(i) 350 square metres, or				
	(ii) if a garage will be accessed from the rear of the property - 290 square metres, or				
	(iii) if the dwelling house will be on a zero lot line - 270 square metres,				
	(b) semi-detached dwellings - 270 square metres,				
	(c) multi dwelling housing - 170 square metres for each dwelling,				
	(d) attached dwellings - 170 square				

Clau	se	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
	metres.				
(4)	This clause does not apply in relation to the subdivision of individual lots in a strata plan or community title scheme.				
4.3 H	leight of buildings				
(1)	The objectives of this clause are as follows:				The maximum height of buildings specific on the map is 27 metres.
	(a) to establish a maximum building height to enable appropriate development density to be achieved, and				The building as existing is approximately 20.00 metres at its highest point. All proposed works are all below the highest element of the existing development.
	(b) to ensure that the height of buildings is compatible with the character of the locality				The development is acceptable in this regard.
(2)	The height of a building on any land is not to exceed the maximum height shown for the land on the Height of Buildings Map.				
(2A)	Despite subclause (2), the maximum height of office premises and hotel or motel accommodation is:				
	(a) if it is within the Parramatta Road Precinct, as shown edged orange on the Height of Buildings Map—27 metres,				
	(b) if it is on land within Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor within the Silverwater Road Precinct, as shown edged light purple on the Height of Buildings Map—14 metres.				
4.4 F	Floor space ratio				
(1)	The objectives of this clause are as follows:	\boxtimes			Ordinarily the floor space ratio applicable to the site is 1:1, however an exemption is
	To establish a maximum floor space ratio to enable appropriate development density to be achieved, and				provided for bulky good premises and retail premises to 1.5:1 as per Clause 4.4 (2B) and (2D) below.
	To ensure that development intensity reflects its locality.				Notwithstanding this, should the application be approved, the resultant the development would have an FSR of 0.92:1.
(2)	The maximum floor space ratio for a building on any land is not to exceed the floor space ratio shown for the land on the Floor Space Ratio Map.				The development is acceptable in this regard.
(2A)	Despite subclause (2), the maximum floor space ratio for development for the purpose of multi dwelling housing on land other than land within the Former Lidcombe Hospital Site, as shown edged black on the Floor Space Ratio Map, is as follows:				
	(a) for sites less than 1,300 square metres—0.75:1,				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(b) for sites that are 1,300 square metres or greater but less than 1,800 square metres—0.80:1,				
(c) for sites that are 1,800 square metres or greater—0.85:1.				
(2B) Despite subclause (2), the maximum floor space ratio for the following development on land in Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor within the Parramatta Road Precinct, as shown edged orange on the Floor Space Ratio Map, is as follows:				
(a) 1.5:1 for bulky goods premises, entertainment facilities, function centres and registered clubs, and				
(b) 3:1 for office premises and hotel or motel accommodation.				
(2C) Despite subclause (2), the maximum floor space ratio for the following development on land in Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor within the Silverwater Road Precinct, as shown edged light purple on the Floor Space Ratio Map, is as follows:				
(a) 1.5:1 for bulky goods premises, entertainment facilities, function centres and registered clubs, and				
(b) 2:1 for office premises and hotel or motel accommodation.				
(2D) Despite subclause (2), the maximum floor space ratio for retail premises on land in Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor within the Commercial Precinct, as shown edged green on the Floor Space Ratio Map is 1.5:1.				

Cla	use	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
4.5 area	Calculation of floor space ratio and site				
(1)	Objectives				
The	objectives of this clause are as follows:	\boxtimes			
(a)	to define floor space ratio,				
(b)	to set out rules for the calculation of the site area of development for the purpose of applying permitted floor space ratios, including rules to:				
	 (i) prevent the inclusion in the site area of an area that has no significant development being carried out on it, and 				
	(ii) prevent the inclusion in the site area of an area that has already been included as part of a site area to maximise floor space area in another building, and				
	(iii) require community land and public places to be dealt with separately.				
(2)	Definition of "floor space ratio"				
the	floor space ratio of buildings on a site is ratio of the gross floor area of all buildings in the site area.				
(3)	Site area				
deve	determining the site area of proposed elopment for the purpose of applying a space ratio, the site area is taken to be:				
(a)	if the proposed development is to be carried out on only one lot, the area of that lot, or				
(b)	if the proposed development is to be carried out on 2 or more lots, the area of any lot on which the development is proposed to be carried out that has at least one common boundary with another lot on which the development is being carried out.				
calc appl	ddition, subclauses (4)–(7) apply to the ulation of site area for the purposes of ying a floor space ratio to proposed elopment.				
(4)	Exclusions from site area				
	following land must be excluded from the area:				
(a)	land on which the proposed development is prohibited, whether under this Plan or any other law,				
(b)	community land or a public place (except as provided by subclause (7)).				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(5) Strata subdivisions The area of a lot that is wholly or partly on top of another or others in a strata subdivision is to be included in the calculation of the site area only to the extent that it does not overlap with another lot already included in the site area calculation.				Strata subdivision is not proposed.
(6) Only significant development to be included The site area for proposed development must not include a lot additional to a lot or lots on which the development is being carried out unless the proposed development includes significant development on that additional lot.				Only the lot affected by the development are included in the floor space ratio calculation.
(7) Certain public land to be separately considered For the purpose of applying a floor space ratio to any proposed development on, above or below community land or a public place, the site area must only include an area that is on, above or below that community land or public place, and is occupied or physically affected by the proposed development, and may not include any other area on which the proposed development is to be carried out.				
(8) Existing buildings The gross floor area of any existing or proposed buildings within the vertical projection (above or below ground) of the boundaries of a site is to be included in the calculation of the total floor space for the purposes of applying a floor space ratio, whether or not the proposed development relates to all of the buildings.				
(9) Covenants to prevent "double dipping" When consent is granted to development on a site comprised of 2 or more lots, a condition of the consent may require a covenant to be registered that prevents the creation of floor area on a lot (the restricted lot) if the consent authority is satisfied that an equivalent quantity of floor area will be created on another lot only because the site included the restricted lot. (10) Covenants affect consolidated sites				
If: (a) a covenant of the kind referred to in subclause (9) applies to any land (affected land), and (b) proposed development relates to the affected land and other land that together comprise the site of the proposed development,				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
the maximum amount of floor area allowed on the other land by the floor space ratio fixed for the site by this Plan is reduced by the quantity of floor space area the covenant prevents being created on the affected land. (11) Definition In this clause, public place has the same meaning as it has in the Local Government Act 1993.				
4.6 Exceptions to development standards				
(1) The objectives of this clause are:				This clause will not be applicable to this
 (a) to provide an appropriate degree of flexibility in applying certain development standards to particular development, and 				application. The development does not contravene any applicable development standards.
(b) to achieve better outcomes for and from development by allowing flexibility in particular circumstances.				
(2) Consent may, subject to this clause, be granted for development even though the development would contravene a development standard imposed by this or any other environmental planning instrument. However, this clause does not apply to a development standard that is expressly excluded from the operation of this clause.				
(3) Consent must not be granted for development that contravenes a development standard unless the consent authority has considered a written request from the applicant that seeks to justify the contravention of the development standard by demonstrating:				
Part 5 Miscellaneous provisions				
5.3 Development near zone boundaries				
(1) The objective of this clause is to provide flexibility where the investigation of a site and its surroundings reveals that a use allowed on the other side of a zone boundary would enable a more logical and appropriate development of the site and be compatible with the planning objectives and land uses for the adjoining zone.				The provisions of this clause are not applicable to this application.
(2) This clause applies to so much of any land that is within the relevant distance of a boundary between any 2 zones. The relevant distance is 20 metres.				
(3) This clause does not apply to:				
(a) land in Zone RE1 Public Recreation, Zone E1 National Parks and Nature Reserves, Zone E2 Environmental Conservation, Zone E3				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
Environmental Management or Zone W1 Natural Waterways, or				
(b) land within the coastal zone, or				
(c) land proposed to be developed for the purpose of sex services or restricted premises.				
(4) Despite the provisions of this Plan relating to the purposes for which development may be carried out, development consent may be granted to development of land to which this clause applies for any purpose that may be carried out in the adjoining zone, but only if the consent authority is satisfied that:				
(a) the development is not inconsistent with the objectives for development in both zones, and				
(b) the carrying out of the development is desirable due to compatible land use planning, infrastructure capacity and other planning principles relating to the efficient and timely development of land.				
(5) This clause does not prescribe a development standard that may be varied under this Plan.				
5.4 Controls relating to miscellaneous permissible uses				
(1) Bed and breakfast accommodation				
If development for the purposes of bed and breakfast accommodation is permitted under this Plan, the accommodation that is provided to guests must consist of no more than 3 bedrooms.				No miscellaneous uses included in the proposal.
Note. Any such development that provides for a certain number of guests or rooms may involve a change in the class of building under the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> .				
(2) Home businesses				
If development for the purposes of a home business is permitted under this Plan, the carrying on of the business must not involve the use of more than 30 square metres of floor area.				
(3) Home industries				
If development for the purposes of a home industry is permitted under this Plan, the carrying on of the home industry must not involve the use of more than 30 square metres of floor area.				
(4) Industrial retail outlets				
If development for the purposes of an industrial retail outlet is permitted under this Plan, the retail floor area must not exceed:				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(a) 43% of the gross floor area of the industry or rural industry located on the same land as the retail outlet, or			\boxtimes	
(b) 400 square metres,				
whichever is the lesser.				
(5) Farm stay accommodation				
If development for the purposes of farm stay accommodation is permitted under this Plan, the accommodation that is provided to guests must consist of no more than 3 bedrooms.				
(6) Kiosks				
If development for the purposes of a kiosk is permitted under this Plan, the gross floor area must not exceed 10 square metres.				
(7) Neighbourhood shops				
If development for the purposes of a neighbourhood shop is permitted under this Plan, the retail floor area must not exceed 80 square metres.				
(8) Roadside stalls				
If development for the purposes of a roadside stall is permitted under this Plan, the gross floor area must not exceed 8 square metres.			\boxtimes	
(9) Secondary dwellings				
If development for the purposes of a secondary dwelling is permitted under this Plan, the total floor area of the dwelling (excluding any area used for parking) must not exceed whichever of the following is the greater:-				
(a) 60 square metres,				
(b) 25% of the total floor area of the principal dwelling.				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
5.6 Architectural roof features				
(1) The objectives of this clause are:(a) To ensure that any decorative roof				The roof has a satisfactory appearance as existing and is contained within the
element does not detract from the architectural design of the building, and				maximum height limit for the locality. There is no alteration proposed to the roof as existing under this application
(b) To ensure that prominent architectural roof features are contained within the height limit.				
(2) Development that includes an architectural roof feature that exceeds, or causes a building to exceed, the height limits set by clause 4.3 may be carried out, but only with consent.				
(3) Development consent must not be granted to any such development unless the consent authority is satisfied that:				
(a) the architectural roof feature:				
(i) comprises a decorative element on the uppermost portion of a building, and				
(ii) is not an advertising structure, and				
(iii) does not include floor space area and is not reasonably capable of modification to include floor space area, and				
(iv) will cause minimal overshadowing, and				
(b) any building identification signage or equipment for servicing the building (such as plant, lift motor rooms, fire stairs and the like) contained in or supported by the roof feature is fully integrated into the design of the roof feature.				
5.8 Conversion of fire alarms				
(1) This clause applies to a fire alarm system that can be monitored by Fire and Rescue NSW or by a private service provider.				Compliance with the Building Code of Australia is required for the development.
(2) The following development may be carried out, but only with development consent:			\boxtimes	
(a) converting a fire alarm system from connection with the alarm monitoring system of Fire and Rescue NSW to connection with the alarm monitoring system of a private service provider,				
(b) converting a fire alarm system from connection with the alarm monitoring system of a private service provider to connection with the alarm monitoring system of another private service provider,				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(c) converting a fire alarm system from connection with the alarm monitoring system of a private service provider to connection with a different alarm monitoring system of the same private service provider.				
(3) Development to which subclause (2) applies is complying development if it consists only of:			\boxtimes	
(a) internal alterations to a building, or (b) internal alterations to a building together with the mounting of an antenna, and any support structure, on an external wall or roof of a building so as to occupy a space of not more than 450mm × 100mm × 100mm.			\boxtimes	
(4) A complying development certificate for any such complying development is subject to a condition that any building work may only be carried out between 7.00 am and 6.00 pm on Monday to Friday and between 7.00 am and 5.00 pm on Saturday, and must not be carried out on a Sunday or a public holiday.				
(5) In this clause:				
private service provider means a person or body that has entered into an agreement that is in force with Fire and Rescue NSW to monitor fire alarm systems.				
5.9 Preservation of trees or vegetation				
(1) The objective of this clause is to preserve the amenity of the area, including biodiversity values, through the preservation of trees and other vegetation.				There are no trees being removed from the site.
(2) This clause applies to species or kinds of trees or other vegetation that are prescribed for the purposes of this clause by a development control plan made by the Council.				
Note. A development control plan may prescribe the trees or other vegetation to which this clause applies by reference to species, size, location or other manner.				
(3) A person must not ringbark, cut down, top, lop, remove, injure or wilfully destroy any tree or other vegetation to which any such development control plan applies without the authority conferred by:				
(a) development consent, or (b) a permit granted by the Council.			\boxtimes	
(4) The refusal by the Council to grant a permit to a person who has duly applied for the grant of the permit is taken for the purposes of the Act to be a refusal by the Council to grant consent for the carrying out of the activity for				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
which a permit was sought.				
(5) This clause does not apply to a tree or other vegetation that the Council is satisfied is dying or dead and is not required as the habitat of native fauna.				
(6) This clause does not apply to a tree or other vegetation that the Council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property.				
(7) A permit under this clause cannot allow any ringbarking, cutting down, topping, lopping, removal, injuring or destruction of a tree or other vegetation:				
(a) that is or forms part of a heritage item, or that is within a heritage conservation area, or (b) that is or forms part of an Aboriginal object or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage significance, unless the Council is satisfied that the proposed activity:				
(c) is of a minor nature or is for the maintenance of the heritage item, Aboriginal object, Aboriginal place of heritage significance or heritage conservation area,				
(d) would not adversely affect the heritage significance of the heritage item, Aboriginal object, Aboriginal place of heritage significance or heritage conservation area.				
Note. As a consequence of this subclause, the activities concerned will require development consent. The heritage provisions of clause 5.10 will be applicable to any such consent.				
(8) This clause does not apply to or in respect of:				
(a) the clearing of native vegetation:				
(i) that is authorised by a development consent or property vegetation plan under the <i>Native Vegetation Act 2003</i> , or				
(ii) that is otherwise permitted under Division 2 or 3 of Part 3 of that Act, or			\boxtimes	
(b) the clearing of vegetation on State protected land (within the meaning of clause 4 of Schedule 3 to the <i>Native Vegetation Act 2003</i>) that is authorised by a development consent under the provisions of the <i>Native Vegetation Conservation Act 1997</i> as continued in force by that clause, or				
(c) trees or other vegetation within a State forest, or land reserved from sale as a timber or forest reserve under the <i>Forestry Act 1916</i> , or				
(d) action required or authorised to be done by or under the <i>Electricity Supply Act 1995</i> , the <i>Roads Act 1993</i> or the <i>Surveying and Spatial</i>				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
Information Act 2002, or				
(e) plants declared to be noxious weeds under the <i>Noxious Weeds Act 1993</i> .			\boxtimes	
Note. Permissibility may be a matter that is determined by or under any of these Acts.				
(9) Not adopted				
5.9AA Trees or vegetation not prescribed by development control plan				
(1) This clause applies to any tree or other vegetation that is not of a species or kind prescribed for the purposes of clause 5.9 by a development control plan made by the Council.				
(2) The ringbarking, cutting down, topping, lopping, removal, injuring or destruction of any tree or other vegetation to which this clause applies is permitted without development consent.			\boxtimes	

Clau	ise	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
5.10 Heritage conservation					
area shownatu	e. Heritage items, heritage conservation is and archaeological sites (if any) are wn on the Heritage Map. The location and re of any such item, area or site is also cribed in Schedule 5.				
(1)	Objectives	П		\boxtimes	The site is not listed in the Auburn Local
The	objectives of this clause are:				Environmental Plan 2010 as containing items of heritage.
(a)	to conserve the environmental heritage of Auburn, and				The heritage provisions stated here will not
(b)	to conserve the heritage significance of heritage items and heritage conservation areas including associated fabric, settings and views, and				be applicable to this application.
(c)	to conserve archaeological sites, and				
(d)	to conserve places of Aboriginal heritage significance.				
(2)	Requirement for consent				
	elopment consent is required for any of ollowing:				
(a)	demolishing or moving a heritage item or a building, work, relic or tree within a heritage conservation area,				
	(i) a heritage item.				
	(ii) An Aboriginal object.				
	(iii) A building, work, relic or tree within a heritage conservation area.				
(b)	altering a heritage item that is a building by making structural changes to its interior or by making changes to anything inside the item that is specified in Schedule 5 in relation to the item,				
(c)	disturbing or excavating an archaeological site while knowing, or having reasonable cause to suspect, that the disturbance or excavation will or is likely to result in a relic being discovered, exposed, moved, damaged or destroyed,				
(d)	disturbing or excavating a heritage conservation area that is a place of Aboriginal heritage significance,				
(e)	erecting a building on land:				
	(i) on which a heritage item is located or that is within a heritage conservation area or,				
	(ii) on which an Aboriginal object is located or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage significance,				
(f)	subdividing land on which a heritage item is located or that is within a heritage				

(i) on which a heritage item is located or that is within a heritage conservation area or, (ii) on which an Aboriginal object is located or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage significance, When consent not required Yer, consent under this clause is not ead if: The applicant has notified the consent authority of the proposed development and the consent authority has advised the applicant in writing before any work is carried out that it is satisfied that the proposed development: (i) is of a minor nature, or is for the maintenance of the heritage item.				
or that is within a heritage conservation area or, (ii) on which an Aboriginal object is located or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage significance, When consent not required ver, consent under this clause is not ed if: The applicant has notified the consent authority of the proposed development and the consent authority has advised the applicant in writing before any work is carried out that it is satisfied that the proposed development: (i) is of a minor nature, or is for the				
located or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage significance, When consent not required Ver, consent under this clause is not ed if: The applicant has notified the consent authority of the proposed development and the consent authority has advised the applicant in writing before any work is carried out that it is satisfied that the proposed development: The improvement is satisfied that the proposed development: The improvement is satisfied that the proposed development:			\boxtimes	
ver, consent under this clause is not ed if: The applicant has notified the consent authority of the proposed development and the consent authority has advised the applicant in writing before any work as carried out that it is satisfied that the proposed development: (i) is of a minor nature, or is for the				
ne applicant has notified the consent authority of the proposed development and the consent authority has advised the applicant in writing before any work as carried out that it is satisfied that the proposed development: (i) is of a minor nature, or is for the			\boxtimes	
authority of the proposed development and the consent authority has advised the applicant in writing before any work as carried out that it is satisfied that the proposed development: a) is of a minor nature, or is for the				
archaeological site, or a building, work, relic, tree or place within a heritage conservation area, and				
i) would not adversely affect the significance of the heritage item, archaeological site or heritage conservation area, or				
ne development is in a cemetery or urial ground and the proposed levelopment:				
i) is the creation of a new grave or monument, or excavation or disturbance of land for the purpose of conserving or repairing monuments or grave markers, and				
ii) would not cause disturbance to human remains, relics, Aboriginal objects in the form of grave goods, or to a place of Aboriginal heritage significance, or				
ne development is limited to the removal of a tree or other vegetation that the Council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property, or				
ne development is exempt development.				
(4) Effect on heritage significance				
The consent authority must, before granting consent under this clause, consider the effect of the proposed development on the heritage significance of the heritage item or heritage conservation area concerned. This subclause applies regardless of whether a heritage impact statement is prepared under subclause (5) or a heritage conservation management				
	maintenance of the heritage item, archaeological site, or a building, work, relic, tree or place within a heritage conservation area, and i) would not adversely affect the significance of the heritage item, archaeological site or heritage conservation area, or ne development is in a cemetery or urial ground and the proposed evelopment:) is the creation of a new grave or monument, or excavation or disturbance of land for the purpose of conserving or repairing monuments or grave markers, and i) would not cause disturbance to human remains, relics, Aboriginal objects in the form of grave goods, or to a place of Aboriginal heritage significance, or ne development is limited to the removal of a tree or other vegetation that the council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property, or ne development is exempt development. Effect on heritage significance onsent authority must, before granting in under this clause, consider the effect proposed development on the heritage evation area concerned. This subclause is regardless of whether a heritage estatement is prepared under subclause	is of a minor nature, or is for the maintenance of the heritage item, archaeological site, or a building, work, relic, tree or place within a heritage conservation area, and i) would not adversely affect the significance of the heritage item, archaeological site or heritage conservation area, or the development is in a cemetery or urial ground and the proposed evelopment: i) is the creation of a new grave or monument, or excavation or disturbance of land for the purpose of conserving or repairing monuments or grave markers, and ii) would not cause disturbance to human remains, relics, Aboriginal objects in the form of grave goods, or to a place of Aboriginal heritage significance, or the development is limited to the removal of a tree or other vegetation that the council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property, or the development is exempt development. Effect on heritage significance In the form of grave goods, or to a place of the vegetation that the council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property, or the development is exempt development. Effect on heritage significance In the form of grave goods or to a place of the removal of a tree or other vegetation that the council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property, or the development is exempt development. Effect on heritage significance In the form of grave goods or to a place of the removal of a tree or other vegetation that the council is satisfied is a risk to human life or property, or the development is exempt development. Effect on heritage significance In the form of grave goods or to a place of the removal of t	is of a minor nature, or is for the maintenance of the heritage item, archaeological site, or a building, work, relic, tree or place within a heritage conservation area, and i) would not adversely affect the significance of the heritage item, archaeological site or heritage conservation area, or me development is in a cemetery or urial ground and the proposed evelopment: i) is the creation of a new grave or monument, or excavation or disturbance of land for the purpose of conserving or repairing monuments or grave markers, and ii) would not cause disturbance to human remains, relics, Aboriginal objects in the form of grave goods, or to a place of Aboriginal heritage significance, or me development is limited to the removal of a tree or other vegetation that the council is satisfied is a risk to human life reproperty, or me development is exempt development. Effect on heritage significance consent authority must, before granting the under this clause, consider the effect proposed development on the heritage cance of the heritage item or heritage statement is prepared under subclause a heritage conservation management	is of a minor nature, or is for the maintenance of the heritage item, archaeological site, or a building, work, relic, tree or place within a heritage conservation area, and i) would not adversely affect the significance of the heritage item, archaeological site or heritage conservation area, or me development is in a cemetery or urial ground and the proposed evelopment: is the creation of a new grave or monument, or excavation or disturbance of land for the purpose of conserving or repairing monuments or grave markers, and ii) would not cause disturbance to human remains, relics, Aboriginal objects in the form of grave goods, or to a place of Aboriginal heritage significance, or me development is limited to the removal f a tree or other vegetation that the council is satisfied is a risk to human life r property, or me development is exempt development. Effect on heritage significance consent authority must, before granting at under this clause, consider the effect proposed development on the heritage ance of the heritage item or heritage vation area concerned. This subclause is regardless of whether a heritage statement is prepared under subclause a heritage conservation management

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(5) Heritage impact assessment				
The consent authority may, before granting consent to any development on land:			\boxtimes	
(a) on which a heritage item is situated, or				
(b) within a heritage conservation area, or				
(c) within the vicinity of land referred to in paragraph (a) or (b),				
require a heritage impact statement to be prepared that assesses the extent to which the carrying out of the proposed development would affect the heritage significance of the heritage item or heritage conservation area concerned.				
(6) Heritage conservation management plans				
The consent authority may require, after considering the significance of a heritage item and the extent of change proposed to it, the submission of a heritage conservation management plan before granting consent under this clause.				
(7) Archaeological sites				
The consent authority must, before granting consent under this clause to the carrying out of development on an archaeological site (other than land listed on the State Heritage Register or to which an interim heritage order under the <i>Heritage Act 1977</i> applies):				
(a) notify the Heritage Council of its intention to grant consent, and				
(b) take into consideration any response received from the Heritage Council within 28 days after the notice is sent.				
(8) Aboriginal places of heritage significance				
The consent authority must, before granting consent under this clause to the carrying out of development in a place of Aboriginal heritage significance:				
(a) consider the effect of the proposed development on the heritage significance of the place and any Aboriginal object known or reasonably likely to be located at the place, and				
(b) notify the local Aboriginal communities (in such way as it thinks appropriate) about the application and take into consideration any response received within 28 days after the notice is sent.				
(9) Demolition of item of State significance				
The consent authority must, before granting				

Clau	ise	Yes	No	N/A	Comment		
consent for the demolition of a nominated							
(a)	e heritage item: notify the Heritage Council about the application, and						
(b)	take into consideration any response received from the Heritage Council within 28 days after the notice is sent.						
(10)	Conservation incentives						
deve is a a deve not	consent authority may grant consent to elopment for any purpose of a building that heritage item, or of the land on which such building is erected, even though elopment for that purpose would otherwise be allowed by this Plan, if the consent ority is satisfied that:						
(a)	the conservation of the heritage item or Aboriginal place of heritage significance is facilitated by the granting of consent, and						
(b)	the proposed development is in accordance with a heritage conservation management document that has been approved by the consent authority, and						
(c)	the consent to the proposed development would require that all necessary conservation work identified in the heritage conservation management plan is carried out, and						
(d)	the proposed development would not adversely affect the heritage significance of the heritage item, including its setting or the heritage significance of the Aboriginal place of heritage significance, and						
(e)	the proposed development would not have any significant adverse effect on the amenity of the surrounding area.						
Part 6 Additional local provisions							
6.1 Acid sulfate soils							
(1)	The objective of this clause is to ensure that development does not disturb, expose or drain acid sulfate soils and cause environmental damage.				Generally there is no excavation work proposed in the natural ground. The land is given a Class 2 and Class 5 rating. Due to their being no excavation there is a low risk of exposure to acid sulphate soils.		
(2)	Development consent is required for the carrying out of works described in the Table to this subclause on land shown on the Acid Sulfate Soils Map as being of the class specified for those works.				or exposure to acid sulpride solis.		
Cla	ss Works of land						
1	Any works.						

Claus	se	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
2	Works below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered.				
3	Works more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 1 metre below the natural ground surface.				
4	Works more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface. Works by which the watertable is likely to be lowered more than 2 metres below the natural ground surface.				
5	Works within 500 metres of adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land that is below 5 metres Australian Height Datum by which the watertable is likely to be lowered below 1 metre Australian Height Datum on adjacent Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 land.				
(3)	Development consent must not be granted under this clause for the carrying out of works unless an acid sulfate soils management plan has been prepared for the proposed works in accordance with the Acid Sulfate Soils Manual and has been provided to the consent authority.				
(4)	Despite subclause (2) Development consent is not required under this clause for the carrying out of works if:				
v ir n	a preliminary assessment of the proposed works prepared in accordance with the Acid Sulfate Soils Manual andicates that an acid sulfate soils management plan is not required for the works, and				
a	the preliminary assessment has been provided to the consent authority and the consent authority has confirmed the assessment by notice in writing to the person proposing to carry out the works.				
fe w a	Despite subclause (2), development consent is not required under this clause or the carrying out of any of the following works by a public authority (including incillary work such as excavation, construction of access ways or the supply of power):				
r a u	emergency work, being the repair or eplacement of the works of the public authority required to be carried out argently because the works have been lamaged, have ceased to function or lamage a risk to the environment or to public				

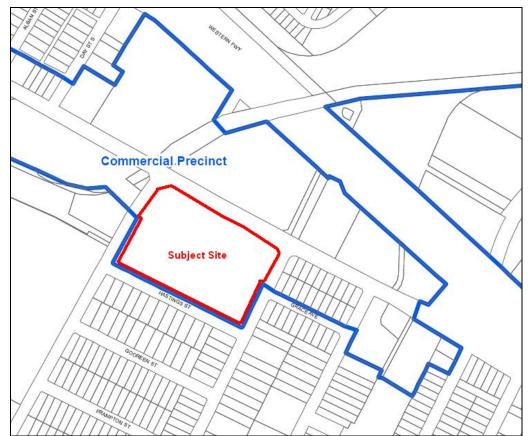
Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
health and safety,				
(b) routine management work, being the periodic inspection, cleaning, repair or replacement of the works of the public authority (other than work that involves the disturbance of more than 1 tonne of soil),				
(c) minor work, being work that costs less than \$20,000 (other than drainage work).				
(6) Despite subclause (2), development consent is not required under this clause to carry out any works if:				
(a) the works involve the disturbance of more than 1 tonne of soil, such as occurs in carrying out agriculture, the construction or maintenance of drains, extractive industries, dredging, the construction of artificial water bodies (including canals, dams and detention basins) or foundations, or flood mitigation works, or				
(b) the works are likely to lower the watertable.				
6.2 Earthworks				
(1) The objectives of this clause are as follows:				No significant earthworks are proposed.
 (a) to ensure that earthworks for which a development consent is required will not have a detrimental impact on environmental functions and processes, neighbouring uses or heritage items and features of the surrounding land, 				
(b) to allow earthworks of a minor nature without separate development consent.				
(2) Development consent is required for earthworks, unless:				
(a) the work does not alter the ground level (existing) by more than 600 millimetres, or				
(b) the work is exempt development under this Plan or another applicable environmental planning instrument, or				
(c) the work is ancillary to other development for which development consent has been given.				
(3) Before granting development consent for earthworks, the consent authority must consider the following matters:			\boxtimes	
(a) the likely disruption of, or any detrimental effect on, existing drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality,				
(b) the effect of the proposed development on the likely future use or redevelopment of the land,				
(c) the quality of the fill or of the soil to be				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
excavated, or both,				
(d) the effect of the proposed development on the existing and likely amenity of adjoining properties,				
(e) the source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material,				
(f) the likelihood of disturbing relics,				
(g) the proximity to and potential for adverse impacts on any watercourse, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area.				
Note. The <i>National Parks and Wildlife Act</i> 1974, particularly section 86, deals with disturbing or excavating land and Aboriginal objects.				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
 6.3 Flood planning (1) The objectives of this clause are: (a) to minimise the flood risk to life and property associated with the use of land, (b) to allow development on land that is compatible with the land's flood hazard, taking into account projected changes as a result of climate change, (c) to avoid significant adverse impacts on flood behaviour and the environment. (2) This clause applies to: (a) land that is shown as "Flood planning area" on the Flood Planning Map, and (b) other land at or below the flood planning level. 				Part of the site is identified as being flood prone however all primary activity areas (lower retail floor) is built above all applicable flood levels. The remaining areas are parking levels. The application has been examined by Council's Development Engineer who has raised no objection to the development in this regard.
 (3) Development consent must not be granted for development on land to which this clause applies unless the consent authority is satisfied that the development: (a) is compatible with the flood hazard of the land, and (b) is not likely to significantly adversely affect flood behaviour resulting in detrimental increases in the potential flood affectation of other development or properties, and (c) incorporates appropriate measures to manage risk to life from flood, and (d) is not likely to significantly adversely affect the environment or cause avoidable erosion, siltation, destruction of riparian vegetation or a reduction in the stability of river banks or watercourses, and (e) is not likely to result in unsustainable social and economic costs to the community as a consequence of flooding. 				
 (4) A word or expression used in this clause has the same meaning as it has in the NSW Government's Floodplain Development Manual published in 2005, unless it is otherwise defined in this clause. (5) In this clause: flood planning level means the level of a 1:100 ARI (average recurrent interval) flood event plus 0.5 metre freeboard. Flood Planning Map means the Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010 Flood Planning Map. 6.4 Foreshore building line (4) The chiesting of this plane is to appure				
(1) The objective of this clause is to ensure that development in the foreshore area will not impact on natural foreshore processes or affect the significance and amenity of the area.				The site is not affected by a foreshore building line

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(2) This clause applies to land identified as below the foreshore building line on the Foreshore Building Line Map.				
(3) Development consent must not be granted for development on land in the foreshore area except for the following purposes:				
(a) the extension, alteration or rebuilding of an existing building wholly or partly in the foreshore area,				
(b) the erection of a building in the foreshore area, if the levels, depth or other exceptional features of the site				
make it appropriate to do so, (c) boat sheds, sea retaining walls, wharves, slipways, jetties, waterway				
access stairs, swimming pools, fences, cycleways, walking trails, picnic facilities or other recreation facilities (outdoor).				
(4) Development consent must not be granted under subclause (3) unless the consent authority is satisfied that:				
(a) the development will contribute to achieving the objectives for the zone in which the land is located, and				
(b) the appearance of any proposed structure, from both the waterway and adjacent foreshore areas, will be compatible with the surrounding area, and				
(c) the development is not likely to cause environmental harm such as:				
(i) pollution or siltation of the waterway, or				
(ii) an adverse effect on surrounding uses, marine habitat, wetland areas, flora or				
fauna habitats, or (iii) an adverse effect on drainage				
patterns, and (d) the development will not cause congestion of, or generate conflicts between, people using open space areas				
or the waterway, and (e) opportunities to provide continuous public access along the foreshore and to the waterway will not be compromised, and				
(f) any historic, scientific, cultural, social, archaeological, architectural, natural or aesthetic significance of the land on which the development is to be carried out and of surrounding land will be maintained, and				

Clause	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
(g) in the case of development for the extension, alteration or rebuilding of an existing building wholly or partly in the foreshore area, the extension, alteration or rebuilding will not have an adverse impact on the amenity or aesthetic appearance of the foreshore, and				
 (h) sea level rise or change of flooding patterns as a result of climate change have been considered. 				
6.5 Essential Services				
(1) Development consent must not be granted to development unless the consent authority is satisfied that any of the following services that are essential for the proposed development are available or that adequate arrangements have been made to make them available when required:				Existing Services are provided to the site.
(a) the supply of water,				
(b) the supply of electricity,				
(c) the disposal and management of sewage.				
(d) stormwater drainage or on-site conservation,				
(e) suitable road access.				
(2) This clause does not apply to development for the purpose of providing, extending, augmenting, maintaining or repairing any essential service referred to in this clause.				
6.9 Development in the Commercial Precinct				An extract of the Key Sites Map is provided below this assessment table.
(1) This clause applies to the land known as the Commercial Precinct, as shown edged dark blue and marked Commercial Precinct on the Key Sites Map.				As can be seen the site is located within the "Commercial Precinct" and accordingly retail premises are permissible with consent in the Zone B6 enterprise Corridor.
(2) Despite any other provision of this Plan, retail premises are permissible with development consent on land to which this clause applies in Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor.				The development is acceptable in accordance with this clause.
Schedule 1 Additional permitted uses "Nil"				



Extract of the Auburn LEP 2010 Key Sites Map. The subject site has been added in a different colour.

The provisions of any Draft Environmental Planning Instruments (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(ii))

The proposed development is not affected by any relevant Draft Environmental Planning Instruments.

The provisions of any Development Control Plans (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(iii))

DCP 2010 Industrial Areas

The relevant objectives and requirements of the DCP 2010 Industrial Areas have been considered in the following assessment table:

Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comments				
1.0 Introduction	1.0 Introduction							
1.1 Development to which this Part applies								
This Part applies to land zoned: IN1 General Industrial, IN2 Light Industrial, B6 Enterprise Corridor and B7 Business Park				The land is within zone B6 Enterprise corridor.				
under the Auburn LEP 2010. In the case of the Carter Street Precinct, only Sections 8.0								

	9.0 apply.			
2.0 I	Built Form			
Obje	ectives			
a.	To ensure that the form, scale, design and nature of development maintains and enhances the streetscape and visual quality of industrial areas.			The enlarged building will enhance the visual appearance of the locality.
b.	To ensure that the scale of any new industrial development is compatible with surrounding industrial buildings.	\boxtimes		The building is as existing and all additions will not increase the overall visual bulk and scale of the development.
C.	To ensure the intensity of development recognises the environmental constraints of the site and its locality.			The development is considered acceptable in this regard.
Perf	ormance criteria			
P1	The built form of proposed development is consistent with the existing character of the locality.			The building is as existing and all additions will not increase the overall visual bulk and scale of the development.
Dev	elopment controls			
D1	Buildings shall be designed to:			
•	introduce variations in unit design within building groups.			The building as existing occupies a prominent position of Parramatta Road and presents a
•	introduce solid surfaces, preferably masonry, incorporate horizontal and	\boxtimes		number of high quality visually interesting facades and materials to the street.
	vertical modulation including windows in appropriate proportions and configurations.			The proposed additions will not diminish the quality of the existing façade.
•	include an appropriate variety of materials and façade treatments so as to create visual interest on a high quality design outcome.			The building is as existing and all additions will
D2	On corner sites, the building reinforces the corner by massing and facade orientation.			The building is as existing and all additions will not increase the overall visual bulk and scale of the development. this includes the building massing and façade orientation.
D3	Number of storeys - B6 Enterprise Corridor			
acco	elopment for hotel and motel ommodation and office premises on land ed B6 Enterprise Corridor on Silverwater d shall be a maximum of three (3) eys.			There is no alterations to the existing number of storeys to the building.
acco zone Roa	elopment for hotel and motel ommodation and office premises on land ed B6 Enterprise Corridor on Parramatta d shall be a maximum of six (6) storeys. Streetscape and Urban Character			
	•			
Obje	To ensure that all new development is compatible with the existing and intended future character of the locality in which it is located.			The building is as existing and all additions will not increase the overall visual bulk and scale of the development.

b. с.	To promote industrial development which is both functional and attractive in the context of its local environment through appropriate design. To encourage innovative industrial design which adds to and enhances the quality of the existing industrial areas of the Auburn local government area whilst recognising the design attributes of traditional industrial development.		An industrial building is not proposed. This part cannot apply to this application. The building has a satisfactory appearance to the street.
3.1	Streetscape		
Perf	ormance criteria		
P1	The appearance of the development is consistent with the streetscape of the locality.		The appearance of the building as well as the proposed additions is considered to generally enhance the streetscape of the locality.
P2	Development conserves and enhances the visual character of the street particularly in relation to architectural themes, landscape themes and fencing styles.		All additions are subservient to the overall built form of the existing building.
Deve	elopment controls		
D1	Fencing along street boundaries with a height greater than 1m shall be located at a minimum setback applicable to buildings and with landscaping in the area available between the fence and the property boundary.		The existing development has a stepped back podium level to Parramatta Road which is visually enhanced by the existing waterfall features which will be maintained as part of the additions.
D2	Facades of new industrial buildings shall adopt a contemporary appearance.		The façade as existing and with the proposed additions is considered to be of contemporary appearance.
D3	Facades of proposed infill development located in established industrial areas shall reflect the style and architecture of adjoining buildings.		The development is not infill development.
D4	Architectural features shall be included in the design of new buildings to provide for more visually interesting industrial areas, including:		
	• elements which punctuate the skyline;		The façade as existing and with the proposed additions contains all of these features. The development performs well in this regard.
	• distinctive parapets or roof forms;		development penomis well in this regard.
	• visually interesting facades;		
	 architectural emphasis on the built form; and 		
	a variety of window patterns.		
3.2	Front setbacks		
D1	New buildings within industrial areas shall have a minimum front setback of:		Street setback of the existing building will not be altered as a result of this development. All

	4.5m from other roads, and			proposed additions are well setback on the podium level of the development above
	Om from laneways.		\boxtimes	Parramatta Road.
	he case of a corner allotment, the ack to the secondary road shall be 3m.			
D2	Front setback areas shall not be used for car parking, storage or display of goods.			All car parking areas are concealed from Parramatta Road within the existing basement area.
3.3	Side and rear setbacks			
Perf	ormance criteria			
P1	Developments are separated to minimise operational constraints imposed by one industrial use upon an			All side and rear setbacks are unchanged.
P2	adjacent industrial use. New development facilitates foreshore access to Duck River.			The site is not close to Duck River.
Deve	elopment controls			
D1	Buildings may be built on a nil side or rear setback except where a setback is required to screen buildings from:			
	public places;			
	 adjoining residential properties; 		\boxtimes	
	other sensitive land uses;			
	where rear access is required; or			
	• where land adjoins the M4 Motorway.			
	ich circumstances a 4.5m landscape ack is required.			
D2	Where a site adjoins a residential zone, side and rear setbacks of 3m shall be required.			
D3	·			
4.0 L	andscaping			T
Obje	ectives			
a.	To improve the visual quality and amenity of industrial development through effective landscape treatment of individual sites and to achieve a pleasant working environment.			Some minor upgrade works will be carried out to the front landscape beds but generally, no change to the position or size of the landscape beds will be taking place.
b.	To ensure a high standard of			

	environmental quality of individual sites whilst enhancing the general streetscape and amenity of the area.		
c.	To ensure that the location and design of driveways, parking and servicing areas are efficient, safe, convenient and suitably landscaped.		
Perf	ormance criteria		
P1	Landscaping forms an integral part of the overall design concept.		
P2	Landscaped areas soften the impact of buildings and car parking areas as well as for screening purposes.		
P3	Landscaped areas provide for passive/recreational use of workers of industrial areas.		The landscape beds are too small to provide for passive recreational needs for workers. Within this development alternative
P4	Landscape reinforces the architectural character of the street and positively contributes to maintaining a consistent and memorable character.		recreational areas are available as existing and will be enhanced as a result of the change in use and additions.
Dev	elopment controls		
D1	All areas not built-upon shall be landscaped to soften the impact of buildings and car parking areas.		
D2	Storage areas and other potentially unsightly areas shall be screened from adjacent properties.		
D3	Landscaping within setback areas shall be of a similar scale to buildings. All landscaped areas shall be separated from vehicular areas by means of a kerb or other effective physical barriers.		
D4	Car parking areas, particularly large areas shall be landscaped so as to break up large expanses of paving. Landscaping shall be required around the perimeter and within large car parks.		All car parking is provided within the fabric of the existing building and is generally not visible from the street.
D5	In open parking areas, 1 shade tree per 10 spaces shall be planted within the parking area.		
D6	A minimum of 15% of the site shall be provided and maintained as soft landscaping, with lawns, trees, shrubs, for aesthetic purposes and the enjoyment of workers of the site.		There is no soft landscaping available on the site as existing. All landscaping as existing is in the form of planter beds which will be maintained as a result of this development.
D7	Fencing shall be integrated as part of the landscaping theme so as to minimise visual impacts and to provide associated site security.		

Note Polic Envi	ronmental Design (CPTED).				
D9	Landscaping shall allow sufficient line of sight for pedestrians, cyclist and vehicles.				The landscaping as existing does not interfere with street traffic
D10	Paving and other hard surfaces shall be consistent with architectural elements.				Hard paved surfaces to be retained.
5.0	Access and Car Parking	T	1	T	
Obje	ectives To ensure that all car parking demands generated by any particular industrial development				The development and use has the potential to create a high car parking demand should the re designed centre become fully utilised.
b.	are accommodated on the development site. To ensure that the provision of off-street car parking facilities do not				The applicant's traffic consultants have provided a detailed traffic report (including traffic modelling) advising that the existing parking available will be sufficient to service the needs of the development.
C.	detract from the visual character, particularly the streetscape of an industrial area. To ensure that road access facilities				Council's Development Engineers advise that further parking should be provided to service the proposed change in use and increased retailing area.
	are commensurate with the scale and extent of the proposed development and compatible with the surrounding traffic network.				The issue will be discussed in full detail in the ADCP 2010 Parking and Loading section of this report, however based on a merit assessment it is considered that the existing parking available at the centre will be capable of supporting the proposed change of use and additions.
5.1	Access and car parking				
Loa	requirements licants shall refer to the Parking and ding Part for parking and access uirements.				
5.2	Service areas				
Perf	ormance criteria				
P1	Garbage collection is carried out wholly within the site. Suitable collection points within the site are provided at convenient locations.				The existing centre has designated temporary waste handling facilities which can be collected from the loading areas as existing. No objection is raised to the proposed additions which will not alter the overall waste
Dev	elopment controls				handling facilities of the centre.
D1	In the design of industrial developments, consideration shall be given to the design of garbage storage areas, and other waste provisions held in the Waste Part of this DCP.				The development is acceptable in this regard.
6.0.5	Stormwater Drainage				

Drai drair	icants shall consult the Stormwater nage Part of this DCP for stormwater nage requirements.	\boxtimes		The existing stormwater facilities are capable of accommodating the proposed additions without requiring any alteration. The development is acceptable in this regard.
7.0 E	Energy Efficiency and Water Conservat	ion		
Obje	ectives			
a.	To encourage a high standard of environmental design within new and existing industrial areas.			There will be adequate light and ventilation into the building.
b.	To minimise energy use in buildings while creating a comfortable working environment.			
C.	To give greater protection to the natural environment by reducing the amount of greenhouse gas emissions.			
d.	To reduce the consumption of non- renewable energy sources for the purposes of heating water, lighting and temperature control.			
e.	To minimise potable water mains demand of non residential development by implementing water efficiency measures.			The existing development is already serviced with water reuse facilities.
7.1	General requirements			
Perf	ormance criteria			
P1	Buildings permit maximum solar access in winter and minimise the heating of buildings during summer.			
P2	Natural lighting is relied upon to reduce the requirement for artificial lighting.			
Р3	Buildings employ thermal mass and insulation techniques to reduce energy consumption.			
P4	Energy use is minimised by appropriate building design, site layout, internal design and energy efficient appliances, fixtures and fittings.			
P5	Use of solar hot water heaters and renewable energy sources is considered within non-residential development.			
Dev	elopment controls			
D1	Buildings shall be oriented towards the north so that they make best use of solar access to lower heating and cooling costs.			Shade devices are utilised where appropriate.
D2	Building elevation treatments shall control solar access into the building by the use of appropriate shading devices and methods.			

D3	The amount of exposed glazing to the eastern and western facades of buildings shall be minimised.			northern glazed elements of the building all well shielded by the eastern and western wings of the existing building. The
D4	Building design shall minimise reliance on existing energy supplies through the use of renewable energy sources including incorporation of photovoltaic cells, wind turbines, battery storage and solar hot water wherever practicable.			development performs well in this regard. The proposed additions should not unreasonably increase the demands on energy supplies.
D5	Lighter reflective colours shall be used on external walls of the building to reduce heat gain in summer especially for building facades facing east, west and north.			The majority of outside walls are composed of light coloured materials.
D6	High thermal mass materials shall be used wherever possible.			Generally, where the building does not utilise glazing, tilt panel concrete construction was
D7	Roofs and walls shall be well insulated in office components of buildings to reduce winter heat loss and summer heat gain.			sued.
D8	Low energy lighting shall be used.			Energy efficient lighting, fixtures and fittings
D9	Energy efficient appliances, fittings and fixtures shall be used.			could be conditioned if the proposal was considered for approval.
D10	Any hot water heaters to be installed, as far as practicable, shall be solar, and to the extent where this is not practicable, shall be greenhouse gas friendly systems that achieve a minimum 3.5 Hot Water Greenhouse Score.			
7.2	Ventilation			
Perf	ormance criteria			
P1	To encourage the design of development to utilise natural breezes for cooling and fresh air during summer and to avoid unfavourable winter winds.			No objection is raised to the building with regard to ventilation criteria.
Dev	elopment controls			
D1	Where applicable, cross ventilation shall be maximised by use of high-level ventilators. Where practical or appropriate sky lights and/or wind powered ventilators shall be installed.			
7.3	Water conservation			
Perf	ormance criteria			
P1	Water use and consumption is reduced.			The use will not result in excessive water consumption.
P2	Water efficiency is increased by	\boxtimes		·

	appropriate building design, site layout, internal design and water conserving appliances.		
Dev	elopment controls		
D1	New buildings shall provide water efficient fixtures to reduce the demand for (mains) water and wastewater discharge.		Water efficient fixtures and fittings could be conditioned if the proposal was considered for approval.
D2	New developments shall connect to recycled water if serviced by a dual reticulation system for permitted non potable uses such as toilet flushing, irrigation, car washing, fire fighting and other suitable industrial purposes.		The centre already incorporates water reuse facilities. The proposal is not a wholly new development.
D3	Where a property is not serviced by a dual reticulation system, development shall include an onsite rainwater harvesting system or an onsite reusable water resource for permitted non potable uses such as toilet flushing, irrigation, car washing, fire fighting and other suitable industrial purposes.		
D4	Development shall install all water using fixtures to meet the WELS (Water Efficiency Labelling Scheme) rated industry standards.		
7.4	Rainwater tanks		
Perf	ormance criteria		
P1	Collection and reuse of stormwater is encouraged.		The development as existing incorporated on site detention and water reuse facilities.
P2	Stormwater runoff is reduced.		
Dev	elopment controls		
D1	Rainwater tanks installed above ground or underground shall meet the relevant Australian Standards.		
D2	Above ground rainwater tanks shall be constructed, treated or finished in a non-reflective material that blends in with the overall tones and colours of the subject site and surrounding developments.		
D3	Above ground rainwater tanks installed shall not be visible from a primary road frontage and shall not be visually dominant.		
	The overflow from industrial rainwater tanks shall discharge to the site stormwater disposal system. For details refer to the Stormwater Drainage Part of this DCP. Operational restrictions		

Obje	ectives			
a.	To ensure that industrial development operates in a manner compatible with adjoining land uses, particularly residential areas.			No in principle objection is raised to the proposed uses incorporated as part of this application. Any issues associated with the uses relate to a lack of sufficient detail relating to fit out of the premises.
b.	To ensure noise, air and water discharges, waste storage and removal, working hours and storage of dangerous goods and hazardous chemicals will not have a detrimental effect on environmental amenity.			to iii out of the premises.
8.1	Hours of operation			
Perf	ormance criteria			
P 1	The hours of operation are managed to ensure residential amenity is protected.	\boxtimes		The supermarket use is proposed to operate 24 hours.
Dev	elopment controls			The discount store is proposed to operate 8:00 am to 12:00 pm Monday – Friday and 8:00 am to 10:00 pm Saturday and Sunday.
D1	Where an industrial site is located adjacent to or within 200m of a residential zoned area or where in the			The liquor store is proposed to operate 9:00 am to 10:00 seven days.
	opinion of Council truck movements associated with the industry will intrude on residential streets, hours of operation shall generally be restricted to 7:00am to 6:00pm Monday to Saturday. Note: Where an extension to these hours is required due to the nature of the activities to be undertaken, a detailed submission shall be lodged with Council demonstrating how environmental impacts can be minimised to acceptable levels if the extended hours of operation are approved.			While residential premises exist directly south of the premises all uses are located on the northern side of the building. Loading facilities are contained within the building and access is via the eastern and western secondary street where no residential premise exist. The car park is mostly contained within the building and located on the southern side of the building and shields the adjoining southern residences from any potential noise generating activities. The capacity of the car park is such that outside of peak operating hours, vehicle noise from the car park is not considered to unreasonably impact upon residential amenity. The development is acceptable in this regard. It is also noted that no objections were received by Council in relation to this matter as a result of the public exhibition of the application.
	Noise			
	ormance criteria			
P1	Development minimises the possibility of noise to the occupants of adjoining or neighbouring dwellings. The use of premises, any plant, equipment and building services associated with a premise does not create an offensive noise or add significantly to the background noise level of a locality.			The location of service and loading facilities will not be being altered as a result of the change in use and alterations and are adequately screened from any adjoining residential premises.
P2	Where practicable, sources of noise such as garbage collection, machinery, parking areas and air conditioning plants are sited away from adjoining			

	properties and, where necessary screened by walls or other acoustical treatment.			
Deve	elopment controls			
D1	potential noise generating industries adjacent to residential zoned land shall be accompanied by relevant documentation from a qualified acoustic engineer. The documentation shall also comply with the relevant Acts, Regulations, Australian Standards and guidelines by the NSW Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water (DECCW) below, as applicable for noise, vibration and quality assurance.			The proposed uses are not considered to generate an unreasonable amount of noise.
	 NSW Industrial Noise Policy Interim Construction Noise 			
	Interim Construction Noise Guideline			
	Noise from Rail Infrastructure Projects			
	Environmental Criteria for Road			
8.3	<u>Traffic Noise</u> . Storage yards			
Perf	ormance criteria			
P1	Unsightly storage yards are not established within industrial areas of the Auburn local government area.		\boxtimes	This part is not relevant to the application. Any storage areas are contained within the fabric of the building.
Deve	elopment controls			S
D1	Storage yards, junk yards or waste depots shall be screened by suitable fencing to a height of 2.5m and setback 4.5m from any street alignment and will require: • suitable site sealing; • runoff and silt trap controls; and • dense screen landscaping between the street alignment and the fence.			
	Air pollution prmance criteria			
P1	Any machinery or processes used			
•	should not result in air pollution emissions that have a detrimental impact on the environment.			This part is not relevant to the application. There will be no air polluting emissions arising as a result of the development.
Deve	elopment controls			
D1	Details of any equipment, processes and air pollution control or monitoring equipment shall be submitted to Council with a development application.		\boxtimes	

D2	All spray painting shall be carried out in a spray booth constructed and ventilated in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards.		
	Nater pollution ormance criteria		
P1	Development incorporates discharge systems designed to minimise the discharge of pollutants into the waste water and stormwater system.		The proposal will not give rise to water pollution.
Deve	elopment controls		
	For industrial developments such as mechanical repair workshops and garages, pollution control monitoring equipment, e.g. retention pits, traps, or bunding shall be used to the satisfaction of Council to control the discharge of pollutants into the stormwater system.		
	Dangerous goods and hazardous erials		
Perf	ormance criteria		
P1	Development incorporates measures needed to protect the community from dangerous or hazardous goods storage and hazardous processes or uses.		There will be no hazardous or dangerous goods stored or sold from the premises.
Deve	elopment controls		
D1	For development proposals which can potentially pose a risk to the locality or discharge pollutants, applicants shall demonstrate that consideration has been given to:		
	 application guidelines published by the Department of Planning relating to hazardous and offensive development; and 		
	 whether any public authority should be consulted concerning any environmental and land use safety requirement. 		
D2	Any premises with storage tanks for oil or dangerous goods outside the building shall submit an emergency spill contingency plan to Council. The DECCW and Work Cover Authority may need to be consulted.		
9.0 \$	Subdivision		
Obje	ectives		
a.	To ensure that development sites are of a reasonable size to accommodate buildings and adequate car parking,		A subdivision is not proposed.

	manoeuvring and landscaping and minimise access points to major roads.		
b.	To encourage the redevelopment of industrial land through lot consolidation.		
C.	To provide lots of sufficient size to satisfy user requirements and to facilitate development of the land having regard to site opportunities and constraints.		
9.1 Perf	Lot sizes and access ormance criteria		
P1	Proposed lots are of a sufficient area and dimension to allow for the siting of buildings including provision of adequate car parking, landscaping, access and other potential site activity and where possible reduce driveways to main roads.		This part is not relevant to the application.
Dev	elopment controls		
D1	The minimum average width shall be 30m.		
	Direct access onto state roads shall not be granted unless presently provided or if an alternative vehicular access point is unavailable.		
D2	New lots shall remove or reduce vehicular driveways and access points to main or arterial roads where alternatives are available.		
	Utility services ormance criteria		
P1	All proposed allotments are able to be connected to appropriate public utility services including water, sewerage, power and telecommunications in an orderly, efficient and economic manner.		Existing services are provided to the site. Any required augmentation of services will be required to be undertaken by the applicant as per the service provider's requirements.
Dev	elopment controls		
D1	Any application for strata subdivision shall demonstrate that each lot is serviced for parking and loading and shall not exceed the requirements of the Parking and Loading Part of this DCP.		
each appr sewe (and advie	e: The applicant shall demonstrate that a proposed lot can be connected to opriate utility services including water, erage, power and telecommunications where available gas). This may include be from the relevant service authority or itably qualified consultant.		

DCP 2010 Parking and Loading

The relevant objectives and requirements of the DCP 2010 Parking and Loading have been considered in the assessment of the development application.

Requirement	Yes	No	N/A	Comment
2.0 Off-Street Parking Requirements				
This section applies to all development. Objectives				It is the conclusion of this assessment report based on a merit assessment that sufficient parking is available to service the need of the proposal to convert a portion of the existing bulky goods
 To ensure that an acceptable level of parking is provided on-site to minimise adverse impacts on surrounding streets. 				premises to part retail, part bulk goods premises. This is discussed in greater detail later in the next section of this
 To provide for the reasonable parking needs of business and industry to support their viability, but discourage unnecessary or excessive parking. 				assessment table. Should the provision of additional parking be pursued, it is possible that the development may contravene objective B.
Performance criteria				
Performance criteria				In relation to performance criteria P1
P1 New development provides adequate off-street parking to service the likely parking demand of that				In relation to performance criteria P1 and P2, see discussion regarding objective a and b above.
development. P2 New development does not introduce unnecessary or excessive off-street parking. P3 Porking provided for development which is not	\boxtimes			In relation to Performance criteria P3, while parking rates are prescribed in this DCP for the proposed activities, the
P3 Parking provided for development which is not defined in this Part on sound and detailed parking assessment.				applicant has submitted a detailed traffic report concluding that sufficient parking is provided to service the development.
Development controls				A detailed discussion is provided later in this assessment table.
D1 All new development shall provide off-street parking in accordance with the parking requirement tables of the respective developments in this Part.				Specific Parking rates are provided in this DCP for the uses of retail premises, food and drink premises and the
D2 That in circumstances where a land use is not defined by this plan, the application shall be accompanied by a detailed parking assessment				existing bowling alley. The DCP does not prescribe a particular rate of parking for Bulky goods Premises, but indicates
prepared by a suitably qualified professional which includes: • A detailed parking survey of similar establishments				that "comparisons should be drawn with similar development".
located in areas that demonstrate similar traffic and parking demand characteristics; Other transport facilities included in the				In this regard the applicant has submitted a detailed traffic report (including detailed modelling
development;Anticipated traffic generation directional distribution and nature of impacts expected;				methodology – SIDRA, loading truck modelling and on site testing) detailing that there will be sufficient parking
 An assessment as to whether the precinct is experiencing traffic and on-street parking 				available to service the development as well as sufficient capacity in the existing
congestion and the implications that development will have on existing situation; • An assessment of existing public transport				loading facilities to accommodate an articulated truck.
networks that service the site, particularly in the off-peak, night and weekend periods and initiatives to encourage its usage;				The report has detailed estimations of regional road usage. It is the contention of Council's Development Engineers
 Possible demand for car parking space from adjoining localities; Occasional need for overflow car parking; and 				that some additional parking should be provided to the development and further details be submitted relating to the
 Occasional need for overflow car parking, and Requirements of people with a limited mobility, sensory impairment. 				traffic report. A detailed discussion is provided later in this assessment table
				regarding these matter, however it is the recommendation of this assessment

			that the applicants traffic analysis be accepted and the proposal approved.
3.0 Design of parking facilities			
This section applies to all development.			All parking and loading available at the centre is as existing. It is the conclusion of this report that the existing available
Objectives a. To promote greater bicycle use, decrease the reliance on private vehicles and encourage	\boxtimes		parking and loading bay arrangements are satisfactory to service the needs of the development. Detailed discussion
alternative, more sustainable modes of transport.b. To provide convenient and safe access and parking to meet the needs of all residents and visitors.			regarding this issue is provided below.
c. To provide access arrangements which do not impact on the efficient or safe operation of the surrounding road system.	\boxtimes		
d. To encourage the integrated design of access and parking facilities to minimise visual and environmental impacts.			
3.1 Bicycle parking			Adequate space is located around the
Development controls			carparking entry foyer areas and podium space to provide bicycle parking in
D1 Bicycle racks in safe and convenient locations are provided throughout all developments with a total gross floor area exceeding 1,000sqm and shall be designed in accordance with AS2890.3 – Bicycle Parking Facilities.			accordance with this clause. This requirement can be condition as part of any approval for the premises.
3.2 Access driveway and circulation roadway design			
Performance criteria			
D1 Vehicular movement to and from the site and within the site reduces potential conflict with other vehicles and pedestrians by creating minimal interference with vehicular and pedestrian movements on public roads, as well as within the site being			Vehicular access to the site is as existing and will not be altered as a result of the proposed modifications.
developed. D2 Access driveways, circulation roadways and			
open parking areas are suitably landscaped to enhance amenity which providing for security and accessibility to all residents and visitors. D3 Access driveways and circulation roadways shall not be wider than prescribed for their particular use.		\boxtimes	Access driveways are as existing and are not being modified as a result of this proposal.
Development controls			
 D1 Circulation driveways are designed to: Enable vehicles to enter the parking space in a single turning movement; Enable vehicles to leave the parking space in no more than two turning movements; 		\boxtimes	Circulation driveways are as existing. Further information has been submitted by the applicant's traffic consultant to demonstrate that sufficient capacity is provided in the existing loading bay area's
 Comply with AS2890 (all parts); Comply with AS1429.1 – Design for Access and Mobility; and Comply with Council's road design specifications and quality assurance requirements. 			to facilitate movement of articulated trucks. The development is satisfactory in this regard.
3.3 Sight distance and pedestrian safety			
Performance criteria			
P1 Clear sight lines are provided to ensure pedestrian safety.		\boxtimes	As per the above point, all vehicular crossover point and pedestrian accesses

	lopment controls			are as existing.
	Access driveways and circulation roadways shall esign to comply with sight distance requirements			
	fied in AS2890 – Parking Facilities.	Ш		
D2	Obstruction/fences shall be eliminated to provide		\boxtimes	
adeo	uate sight distances.			
3.4	General parking design			
Perf	ormance criteria			
D 4	5 1: 6 W			All parking area is as existing and
	Parking facilities are designed in a manner that nees the visual amenity of the development and		\boxtimes	contained within the fabric of the existing
provi	des a safe and convenient parking facility for			building. Tactile indicators already exist to guide pedestrians through the parking area
	s and pedestrians. The site layout enables people with a disability to			to the retail component. The development
	one continuously accessible path of travel:		\square	is acceptable in this regard.
• T	o the site from the street frontage;	H		
	o individual or main car parking areas; and	H		
	o all buildings, site facilities and communal open bace.			
5	, doc.			
Deve	elopment controls			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Visual impact of the car park is as existing
	Visual dominance of car parking areas and ss driveways shall be reduced.			and not being altered as a result of this development.
	All basement/underground car parks shall be		\boxtimes	All vehicles enter and leave in a forward
	ned to enter and leave the site in a forward			direction. The application is considered for
direc	tion. Car parking modules and access paths shall be			approval, this will be reinforced via a condition of consent.
	ned to comply with AS2890 – Parking Facilities	\boxtimes		
	arts).		ш	
	1: Disabled parking shall comply with AS2890 – ing Facilities requirements. Parking bay envelope			
	shall be maintained for the length of the parking			
bay.	2. Visitor parking dimensions shall be a			
	2: Visitor parking dimensions shall be a num 2.6 metres by 5.4 metres.			The parking as existing is generally
D4	All pedestrian paths and ramps shall:	\boxtimes		compliant with this clause.
	ave a minimum width of 1000mm;		Ш	
	ave a non-slip finish; ot be steep (ramp grades between 1:20 and 1:14			
а	re preferred);			
• C	omply with AS1428.1 - Design for Access and			
	obility; and omply with AS1428.2 – Standards for blind			
	eople or people with vision impairment.			
5.0	Commercial development			
Sect	on 5.1 contains general controls for commercial			
	lopment while section 5.2 contains specific			
cont	ols for Newington Small Village.			
5.1	General controls – business areas			
Obje	ctives			It is accepted on the basis of the applicant's traffic report that the proposal is considered
a.	To provide sufficient vehicular access and car			to provide sufficient parking to meet the user demands of the centre.
	parking on-site to meet user demands.	\boxtimes		
b.	To ensure the design of access, parking and			The access and parking facilities are as existing and generally considered to comply
	servicing areas is efficient, safe, convenient,			with the intent of this objective.
	discrete and suitably landscaped.			

C.	development is compatible with the surrounding road network.			incorporated surrounding road network surveys and nearby development modelling. It is considered that the
d.	To minimise potential conflicts between vehicular movements and pedestrians	\boxtimes		development will not exceed the capacity of the surrounding road network. The parking area provides tactile
5.1	.1 General parking design			pedestrian pathways through the parking areas as existing.
Perf	ormance criteria			Ç
ΡI	Car parking areas are designed to be efficient and appropriately located with regard to the design of the development.	\boxtimes		Parking is located in a concealed basement and at the rear of the premises as existing. The development is acceptable in this
P2	Sufficient car parking is provided on-site for the type of development proposed.			regard. It is the conclusion of this report that
Dev	elopment controls			sufficient parking has been provided to service the needs of the proposed
DI	Car parking shall be provided at the rear of the development or be fully underground.	\boxtimes		amended use of the building.
D2	The desire of any modifies are shall be			See performance control 5.1.1 P1.
D2	The design of any parking area shall be integrated into the overall site and building design and be integrated with neighbouring properties.	\boxtimes		As above.
D3	Special consideration may be given to restaurants, cafes and function centres and the like which operate outside normal business hours where it can be demonstrated the car parking provided for retail and commercial uses operating during normal business hours will be available for parking demand outside these hours.			A food court area is proposed however this will not operate outside of normal business hours. It is expected that customers using the food premises will be doing so as part of a broader shopping experience and would not travel to the site solely for the purpose of using the food court.
D4	Council may accept a monetary contribution in lieu of on-site car parking where a contributions plan is in place under Section 94 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 1979, or other relevant legislation.			No monetary contributions are being considered in lieu of parking in this instance.
5.1	.2 Access and driveway design			
Perf	ormance criteria			
PΙ	Vehicular movement to and from the site should be designed to reduce potential conflict with traffic and pedestrians.	\boxtimes		Has been discussed previously. The development as existing already achieves suitable separation of accesses.
P2	Development avoids congestion, delay or hazards to traffic movement on adjoining streets.	\boxtimes		The development achieves this already as existing. For example a slip lane is provided for the car entry point from Parramatta
P3	Driveway gradients are sufficient to allow use by all vehicle types, in a safe and convenient manner.	\boxtimes		Road frontage and all other vehicle access points are from secondary streets with suitable distances from the Parramatta Road intersections.
Dev	elopment controls			
DI	Car park entries and driveways shall be kept to a minimum and shall not be located on primary			All vehicle access points are as existing.

	or core retail streets.		All vehicles associated with the
D2	Driveways shall be designed to allow vehicles to enter and leave in a forward direction.		All vehicles associated with the development can enter and leave in a forward direction. This is as existing and has been further demonstrated by the
D3	Vehicular access shall be designed to avoid conflicts with pedestrians.		applicants traffic report. Has been noted previously as complying in this regard.
D4	Adequate area shall be provided on site and driveways designed to enable all vehicles including large trucks to enter and leave the site in a forward direction.		All vehicles associated with the development can enter and leave in a forward direction. This is as existing and has been further demonstrated by the
D5	Driveways shall be located and designed so as to avoid the following:		applicants traffic report. All driveways are as existing and are generally compliant in this regard.
	being located opposite other existing access ways with significant vehicle usage;		generally compliant in this regard.
	restricting sight distances;		
	on-street queuing;		
	an intersection controlled by traffic signals within 25m on the approach side;		
	a signalled intersection of any major roads within 90m;		
	an intersection controlled by a stop or give way sign within 12m on the approach side;		
	the approach side of any intersection within 10m;		
	a property boundary on the departure side of any intersection within 10m; and		
	the commencement of a median island within 6m.		
D6	The maximum grade of manoeuvring areas and all access roadways shall comply with AS 2890 – Parking Facilities.		All ramps within the centre as existing are generally compliant in this regard.
D7	Where sites front on to main or arterial roads, driveways shall be minimised or located on side or rear road frontages where available.		All driveways are as existing however all accesses are generally compliant in this regard in that the Parramatta Road car
D8	Driveways servicing car parking shall comply with AS 2890 — Parking Facilities or similar designs for car turning paths unless otherwise advised by Council's Engineering Department.		entry is minimised and all other vehicle accesses are from secondary streets. All car driveways are generally compliant in this regard.
D9	The maximum gradient for a driveway shall be 20% (with appropriate transitions). However, in extreme circumstances, gradients up to 25% (with appropriate transitions) will be considered.		All ramps within the centre as existing are generally compliant in this regard.
5.1	3 Access driveway design		
Perf	ormance criteria		
ΡI	The width of an access driveway reflects its function and anticipated volume of use, and provides safe and efficient ingress and egress to individual lots for both pedestrian and vehicle movements, unless otherwise specified in other		All access driveways are as existing and generally suitable for their intended function and volume of use.

Parts of th	ie DCP	<u> </u>		T
Development of	controls			
 DI Access driveways with a length exceeding 50m shall incorporate: ■ a driveway width, that allows for the passing of vehicles in opposite directions. This can 				Ramps in the centre are generally two way and provide appropriate passing and manoeuvring area for the intended traffic of the ramp (cars for car parking or trucks to
be achieved by intermittent passing bays; and				the loading bay areas).
turning areas for service vehicles.				Council's Development Engineers have indicated that 1086 parking spaces are
5.1.4 Number	er of car parking spaces			required to service the development and that insufficient loading area is provided to service the development.
Development of	controls			
DI Car parking for commercial development shall comply with the requirements in Table 6: Table 6 - Summary of parking requirements				The applicant's traffic report, modelling and surveys, indicate that 998 spaces are currently available and are sufficient to meet the demand of the proposed development.
				-
Retail premises (other – not specified in this table) including shops	1 space per 40m ² GFA 1 bicycle space per 10 employees			It is the traffic consultants conclusion based on regional road surveys, comparison to similar developments and applicable Council and RTA parking rates, that the total number of spaces provided will exceed the calculated demand of between 969 and 974 spaces. Loading areas have been demonstrated by computer modelling and also tested
Retail premises – shopping centres	GLFA (m²) Spaces per 100m² GLFA 0-10,000 6.1 10,000-20,000 5.6 20,000-30,000 4.3 Over 30,000 4.1			on site to be capable of accommodating an articulated 14.2 metre truck. The development can, at any one time, accommodate 4 articulated trucks and 4 large rigid vehicles in the two loading bay areas with the opportunity for off street queuing of the trucks on the
Bulky goods retail Take away				access ramp if required. In addition, a further 12 smaller vehicles can be accommodated simultaneously with the larger vehicles.
food and drink premises	developments with no on-site seating: 12 spaces per 100m² GFA Drive-in take-away food outlets – developments with on-site seating 12 spaces per 100m² GFA plus greater of: 1 space per 5 seats (internal and external), or 1 space per 2 seats (internal) Drive-in take-away food outlets – developments with on-site seating and drive-through facilities: greater of: 1 space per 2 seats (internal), or 1 space per 3 seats (internal), or 1 space per 3 seats (internal and external) plus queuing area for 5 to 12 cars			The conclusions of the Councils Development Engineers are based on strict numerical compliance with applicable RTA and Council standards. Council's Planning staff however, contend that given the variety of uses being proposed and given that the premises are existing, it is inappropriate to require strict compliance with DCP parking rates based purely on the floor space calculations. Where it is unclear as to the appropriate levels of parking required by a development, Council typically requests that the applicant submits a traffic report to address the site specific traffic and parking issues. In this instance, a report has been undertaken with appropriate modelling, surveys and comparisons. This report is considered satisfactory and addresses the relevant issues for the site.

8.2 - Miscellaneous development parking rates		Planning staff also consider it important for consideration be given to the nature of the development as follows: • The existing bulky goods premise was approved in 2004. Since this time, Council has been aware of the ongoing difficulties experienced by the operators of the site in attempting to lease the premises. This is evidenced by the large number of individual change of use and fit-out DA's approved by Council for this site, which have subsequently not acted upon. Given that this situation has been on-going for a number of years, the premises are now considered to be operating "at full capacity" even though all tenancies may not be utilised at all times. • The nature of the operation being proposed in this instance involves a broad range of complementary retail activities. It is therefore considered inappropriate to assume that each tenancy will generate traffic and parking demand in its own right. It is more appropriate to assume that each vehicle trip will be undertaken as part of a broader shopping experience, where each customer will likely visit a range of tenancies within one trip. This will likely have the effect of reducing the total number of traffic movements and parking demand requirements for the site overall. • The actual parking on site (998 spaces) lies between the Consultant Traffic Engineers lowest calculated figure (969 spaces) and Council's Development Engineers highest calculated amount (1086 spaces). On balance, and in view of the matters raised above it is considered appropriate to accept the consultant traffic engineers report and concur that an acceptable amount of parking loading as existing is provided to service the needs of the overall development.
Table 10 - Miscellaneous development parking requirements Land use Parking requirements Bowling Alley 3 spaces per alley		This section has been included to incorporate Council's rate for Bowling Alley from the existing use of the tenancy on site. All relevant discussion is provided above.
7.0 Loading requirements This section applies to all commercial and industrial development.		

Objectives				
	To ensure that all development proposals for industry and business are adequately provided with appropriate loading and unloading facilities.		The amount of loading area provide within the existing development considered appropriate in this instance it is considered that the existing loading the considered that the existing loading area provide within the existing loading area provide within the existing the considered that the considered that the existing the considered that the considered th	
	To prevent industrial and business development giving rise to adverse impacts associated with truck and service vehicles being parked off-site.		bays can accommodate the needs of all service vehicles associated with the development. If approval of the development is being considered, a	
Perf	ormance criteria		condition can be imposed requiring all service vehicles associated with the	
ΡI	Separation is provided between service areas (i.e. loading and unloading areas) and parking.		development to be accommodated on site. Separation between the loading and	
P2	Size of service vehicle bays are adequate for the likely vehicles utilising the spaces.		parking is provided as existing. It has been demonstrated by the applicant's Traffic Engineer that the	
Р3	Service areas are located and designed to facilitate convenient and safe usage.		maximum sized vehicle can be successfully accommodated on site and that sufficient capacity exists to service	
Dev	elopment controls		the proposed uses on site.	
DI	Driveway access and adequate on-site manoeuvring shall be provided to enable all delivery vehicles to enter and leave the site in a forward direction.		It has been demonstrated through detail modelling and on site testing that vehicles associated with the development can enter and leave the site in a forward.	
D2	Industrial developments having a floor area greater than 400m^2 shall include loading and unloading facilities to accommodate a 'heavy rigid vehicle' as classified under AS 2890 — Parking Facilities. Smaller developments shall make a provision for a 'medium rigid vehicle' as classified under the above Australian Standard. All development applications shall be accompanied with a manoeuvring analysis with 'auto turn or the like' and details of swept paths showing compliance with AS 2890 — Parking Facilities.		direction. The centre is not defined as a industrial development.	
vehi serv	e: The applicant shall identify the likely service cle sizes accessing the site and shall provide ice vehicle spaces in accordance with AS 2890 – ing Facilities.			
D3	Loading/unloading facilities shall be positioned so as to not interfere with visitor/employee or resident designated parking spaces.		Separation of loading and parking has been provided as existing.	
D4	The service area shall be a physically defined location which is not used for other purposes, such as the storage of goods and equipment.		There is no dual purpose of the loading areas proposed.	
D5	The design of loading docks shall accommodate the type of delivery vehicles associated with the development and potential uses of the development.		This has been demonstrated by the consultant Traffic Engineer.	
D6	Buildings shall be designed to allow loading and unloading of vehicles within the building and at all times. Where achievable, loading docks should be situated to the side or rear of buildings. In the case of commercial development access can be provided from a		All loading is undertaken from within the building as existing. There is no proposal to load from on street areas.	

laneway.			It was the conclusion of Council's Development Engineers that insufficient
	ng bays for trucks and commercial hall be provided in accordance with		loading area is provided to service the development.
Table 9 - Loading specific land uses	and service vehicle requirements for		Based on the applicant's traffic report, the loading areas have been demonstrated by computer modelling and also tested on site to be capable of
Land use	Loading requirements		accommodating an articulated 14.2 metre truck for the proposed
Retail premises -	1 space per 1,500m ² GFA up to 6,000m ² GFA plus		supermarket (western) loading dock. The development at any one time can
department stores	1 space per 3,000m ² thereafter		accommodate 4 articulated trucks and 4 large rigid vehicles in the two loading bay areas with the opportunity of off
Retail premises -	1 space per 400m ² GFA up to 2,000m ² GFA plus		street queuing of the trucks on the access ramp if required. In addition to
shops and food and drink premises	1 space per 1,000m ² thereafter		this a further 12 smaller vehicles can be accommodated simultaneously with the larger vehicles. Based on their analysis
Other	1 space per 2,000m ²		the loading bay areas could be successfully managed to ensure that all
Industrial/ware house, bulky	1 space per 800m ² GFA up to 8,000m ² GFA		loading operations could be undertaken on site.
goods retail and wholesale supplies	1 space per 1,000m ² thereafter		The loading bay areas, as existing generally comply with the AS in this regard.
size of trucks like	possible to establish criteria for the ly to access the land uses specified be done on a case by case basis.		
on their individu	ch as B-Doubles, shall be assessed tal requirements, but will usually im loading area dimension of 25m dth.		
service bay and o	the loading area, platform in the of the service bay itself will vary with oading/unloading methods.		
accordance	loading areas shall be provided in with AS 2890.2 – Off-Street al Vehicle Facilities.		

Section 94 Contributions Plan

The development would require the payment of contributions in accordance with Council Section 94 Contributions Plans. It is recommended that conditions be imposed on any consent requiring the payment of these contributions prior to the issue of any construction certificate for the development.

Disclosure of Political Donations and Gifts

The NSW Government introduced The Local Government and Planning Legislation Amendment (Political Donations) Act 2008 (NSW). This disclosure requirement is for all members of the public relating to political donations and gifts. The law introduces disclosure requirements for individuals or entities with a relevant financial interest as part of the

lodgement of various types of development proposals and requests to initiate environmental planning instruments or development control plans.

The applicant and notification process did not result in any disclosure of Political Donations and Gifts.

The provisions of the Regulations (EP& A Act s79C(1)(a)(iv))

The proposed development raises no concerns as to the relevant matters arising from the EP& A Regulations 2000.

The Likely Environmental, Social or Economic Impacts (EP& A Act s79C(1)(b))

It is considered that the proposed development will have no significant adverse environmental, social or economic impacts in the locality.

The suitability of the site for the development (EP&A Act s79C(1)(c)

The subject site and locality is not known to be affected by any natural hazards or other site constraints likely to have a significant adverse impact on the proposed development. Accordingly, the site can be said to be suitable to accommodate the proposal. The proposed development has been assessed in regard it its environmental consequences and having regard to this assessment, it is considered that the development is suitable in the context of the site and surrounding locality.

Submissions made in accordance with the Act or Regulation (EP&A Act s79C(1)(d

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In accordance with Council's Notification of Development Proposals Development Control Plan, the proposal was publicly exhibited for a period of fourteen (14) days between 16 August 2011 and 30 August 2011. The notification generated a total of three (3) separate submissions from the same objector in respect of the proposal with nil (0) disclosing a political donation or gift. The issues raised in the public submissions are summarised and commented on as follows:

Submission 1 Received 30 August 2011

"We have reviewed the documentation lodged in support of DA-266/2011. We wish to make the following comments relating to the Traffic Report (submitted in support of the DA) prepared by Colston Budd Hunt & Kafes Pty Ltd, dated July 2011.

In recent years, a significant issue has arisen in relation to the capacity of the local road system. This issue was raised in the assessment of the Costco development and in the protracted preparation of Auburn LEP 2010 – Amendment No. 1, which was in large part delayed because of issues surrounding the TMAP for the Commercial Precinct within the B6 Enterprise Corridor along Parramatta Road, within which the subject site, and our client's site at *Name Intentionally Omitted*, are both located. It is generally well-recognised that the Costco development has had a significant impact on traffic volumes on the local road system. We note that the TMAP for the commercial precinct is to be posted on Council's web-site today.

We are seeking specialist traffic and parking advice on the subject DA and on the TMAP from a traffic consultant. Once that advice is received, we intend to make a further submission to Council in relation to the subject DA.

In the interim, we ask that you note that our concern that the core issue of traffic generation from the proposal and its impact on the existing road network in the commercial precinct may not have been adequately addressed in the DA documentation."

<u>Comment</u>: the submission and concerns raised are noted. As per the submission contents the further submissions received cover the concerns raised in more detail and are discussed in the following section.

Submission 2 Received 21 September 2011

A copy of this submission was obtained by the applicant and a response was provided to the issues in their submission of additional information dated the 25 October 2011. Some of the responses provided by the applicant are included below as appropriate.

"There is no information concerning the following matters:

- 1. No Sidra modelling results are provided to be able to verify or otherwise critique the veracity of the modelling assumptions and hence conclusions that have been made;
- 2. There is no discussion concerning the basis of the distribution of trips and in this regard we note that the future distributions at each access driveway vary significantly (as a proportion of the total traffic);
- 3. No details are provided concerning the assumptions made about the traffic generation associated with the Costco development which is immediately opposite the site and impacts on the same intersections. In addition, as this development is a substantial traffic generator that has significant implications for road network performance, the opportunity is now available to update the assessment based on surveys, rather than its predicted generation as undertaken by CBHK;
- 4. No assessment has been made of the additional demands for loading facilities that will arise from the development, which is to rely on the existing docks that are unlikely to have been designed to accommodate the frequencies associated with retail uses such as those proposed; and
- 5. No assessment has been made of the performance of driveways

<u>Comment</u>: The SIDRA modelling was submitted directly to the Roads and Traffic authority for their consideration. No further modelling was requested in the RTA's official response dated the 6 October 2011.

With regard to point 2, the applicant advised that this matter was addressed in their original submission to Council. Council's Planning staff accepts that sufficient modelling of the traffic impact was undertaken.

With regard to point 3, the applicant advised that the additional traffic loading was taken from the report and traffic estimates submitted with the original Costco application. Further traffic generation surveying found that on the afternoon of 20 October 2011 actual traffic generation was less than factored into the traffic assessment for the subject application.

With regard to point 4, the applicant advised that the matter was discussed in the original report and with appropriate management, the number of bays was appropriate to service the needs of the overall development. Council Planning staff concurs with this conclusion; see the ADCP 2010 Parking and Loading assessment section of the report.

With regard to point 5, the applicant advised that the information was included in the SIDRA models. Summaries of the modelling were included in this the applicants response dated 20 October 2011. As per the ADCP 2010 Parking and Loading assessment section of the report sufficient driveway and access point with sufficient capacity and generally accepted to be provided to the development.

"The adopted parking rates for the DDS/large specialty retail, supermarket and specialty shops are based on RTA rates and these are considered appropriate. The bulky goods use has been assessed on the basis of a single survey on one Thursday and Saturday, presumably on or about June/July 2011. Demands at these times of the year are typically 8% lower than the peak seasonal demands (at the 85th percentile demand level) and on this basis, the demand that will need to be accommodated will increase from 963 spaces as assessed, to 988 spaces. There will therefore be no capacity for any further expansion, contrary to the statement made in Paragraph 3.13 of the report."

<u>Comment:</u> 998 spaces are provided as existing to service the development. The applicant's surveys were undertaken in July. There is no further proposal to increase the floor area of the development beyond that proposed and Council Planning staff concurs that sufficient parking has been provided to service the needs of the development. See the ADCP 2010 Parking and Loading assessment section of the report for further discussion.

"The traffic generation is also based on RTA trip rates, again with the bulky goods use potentially understated due to seasonal factors. Of more significance however is the fact that trips on the external road network have been reduced without explanation. Having regard for the above and based on assessment relying on the information made available, the conclusions made in the report concerning external traffic impacts cannot be relied upon and further assessment is required by the applicant. In particular, the assumptions, methodology, distributions and analysis need to be more transparent to allow a proper assessment to be undertaken. The performance of driveways also requires assessment based on the correct (no discounted) trips."

<u>Comment</u>: The applicant advises that the appropriate rates were applied in their assessment and that no discounting was applied however was reduced in accordance with RTA guidelines.

As discussed above, the impacts of Costco are now able to be surveyed (and has been since July 2011) and this should be undertaken to overcome the inherent problems associated with reliance on predicted trips. This is a substantial traffic generator and the cumulative impacts of both developments should be assessed on the basis of the best available data. It is possible that the applicant has benefitted from traffic projections that are substantially underestimated.

<u>Comment</u>: Estimations of the traffic were applied from the Costco traffic report and an onsite traffic count was undertaken on the 20 October 2011 which resulting in less than the estimated rates applied in the development application. The single survey was considered appropriate given the length of time Costco had been in operation.

The adequacy of the existing loading docks, which were designed for more moderate truck frequencies, has not been assessed in the traffic report."

<u>Comment</u>: the applicant advised that the matter was discussed in the original report and with appropriate management, the number of bays was appropriate to service the needs of the overall development. Council Planning staff concurs with this conclusion; see the ADCP 2010 Parking and Loading assessment section of the report.

Submission 3 Received 18 November 2011-11-21

The issue raised in the cover letter is identified as follows:

"We also note that *Name Intentionally omitted* has been invited by Council to contribute to the cost of the TMAP. *Name Intentionally omitted* is keen to ensure that any works required as a result of the TMAP are equitably apportioned, and ask that Council take this into account when assessing the DA and drafting conditions."

<u>Comment</u>: Conditions to ensure the appropriate contribution from the applicant for payment to the TMAP plan can be imposed as a condition upon any consent notice.

The issues as raised in the further Submitters Traffic Consultant are as follows:

"We agree (as previously advised) with the findings of CBHK that the provision of 998 spaces is satisfactory for the overall site following the proposed development for a change of use of Tenancies T1, T18 and T32. We note however that there is no spare capacity for any future application that would increase this demand."

<u>Comment</u>: This is noted. Any proposal for further centre capacity increases would require the submission of further traffic assessment for consideration.

"We note that the swept path analysis for the supermarket dock relates to a 14.4m long articulated truck which demonstrates satisfactory operation and this has been confirmed by a field trial. This is therefore satisfactory subject to an appropriate condition that limits the supermarket to a maximum length of 14.4m for any articulated truck and a maximum of 12.5m for any rigid truck."

<u>Comment</u>: This is noted. It is the conclusion of this report that sufficient loading facilities are available on site to service the development. See the ADCP 2010 Parking and Loading assessment section of the report for further discussion.

"The DDS dock is said to be accessible by a 19m articulated truck. However, the swept paths provided show a 14.4m truck using the DDS dock and it is therefore assumed that the use of this dock would also be conditioned in the same way as the supermarket dock."

<u>Comment</u>: This is noted. For the purposes of this application any condition relating to the maximum vehicular capacity would be for 14.4 metre maximum vehicle size only. Any alteration would be required to be justified by the applicant prior to alteration.

"It is noted that the applicant provided the SIDRA files to the RTA. As the RTA has not raised any issues with these results, it is reasonable to assume that the RTA is satisfied with their validity. In the absence of these files, we are unable to comment further."

<u>Comment</u>: This is noted. Council Planning staff also accepts that the modelling was factual and that the RTA was satisfied with the content. Council does not possess the software to check the veracity of the modelling.

"Based on the available information, it is considered that the predicted traffic generation adopted for the modelling by CBHK at the driveways has been incorrectly applied. Specifically, based on the areas in Para 3.10 and the trip rates in Para 3.20 of the original CBHK traffic report, the site will generate 1,802 veh/hr during the Thursday peak and 2,062 veh/hr during the Saturday peak. These trips will be distributed onto all driveway crossings and are a net increase over existing traffic volumes and will be shared by these driveways. No corrections or adjustments are permitted for these volumes at driveways.

These increases may be compared with the existing site generation of 260 veh/hr and 500 veh/hr respectively as stated in Para 2.12 of the original traffic report. Accordingly, the net increase in traffic generation that will be shared between all driveways will be as follows:

- 1,802 veh/hr future minus 260 veh/hr existing = +1,542 veh/hr on Thursday
- 2,062 veh/hr future minus 500 veh/hr existing = +1,562 veh/hr on Saturday

The net additional development traffic at all access driveways as assessed by CBHK is however set out in brackets in Figures 2 and 3 of the original traffic report for the Thursday and Saturday peak periods respectively. The summation of the additional development traffic using all accesses is as follows:

- +1,200 veh/hr on Thursday (rather than the +1,542 veh/hr derived above); and
- +1,140 veh/hr on Saturday (rather than the +1,562 veh/hr derived above)

It can be seen that CBHK have underestimated traffic using the driveways by 22% on Thursday and 27% on Saturday. These are very significant discrepancies that require clarification and further analysis as appropriate. These issues were raised previously and in our view remain unanswered, so that any approval based on the current assessment methodology would be unreliable. It is emphasised that these discrepancies arise using the CBHK data and may be regarded as internal inconsistencies within the report."

<u>Comment</u>: This is noted. It is also noted that had the RTA have issue with the veracity of the traffic modelling then the RTA would have advised Council accordingly and requested further modelling be undertaken. As per the RTA advice of the 6 October 2011 no further request were made.

"The additional traffic generated on the external road network is 'nominally' 1,802 veh/hr on Thursday and 2,062 veh/hr on Saturday. However, as some of these trips will be 'linked' trips which are drawn from passing trade (i.e. traffic already on the road network) it is permissible to reduce these by 20%, so that the increases are reduced to 1,460 veh/hr and 1,640 veh/hr respectively as stated in Para 3.21 of the original traffic report.

These increases may similarly be compared with the existing site generation of 260 veh/hr and 500 veh/hr respectively as stated in Para 2.12 of the original traffic report. Accordingly, the increased generation will be as follows:

- 1,460 veh/hr future minus 260 veh/hr existing = +1,200 veh/hr on Thursday; and
- 1.640 veh/hr future minus 500 veh/hr existing = +1.140 veh/hr on Saturday

The additional traffic generation that has been adopted by CBHK for modelling purposes is however shown in Figures 2 and 3 of the original traffic report. In this regard, the total additional trips in the overall 'system' can be established by adding the volume increases on all available approach roads, as if an 'external cordon' were drawn around the figures. When this is done, the total additive volume increases on all external road approaches are as follows:

- +1,090 veh/hr on Thursday (whereas it should be +1,200 veh/hr); and
- + 955 veh/hr on Saturday (whereas it should be +1,140 veh/hr).

It can be seen that CBHK have underestimated traffic on the road network by 9% on Thursday and 16% on Saturday. This is a very significant issue, particularly in circumstances where the road network is operating close to capacity at peak times on both days. These

discrepancies therefore also require clarification and further analysis as appropriate and at this time any approval based on the current assessment methodology would be unreliable. Again, they arise from internal inconsistencies within the CBHK report."

<u>Comment</u>: This is noted. It is also noted that had the RTA have issue with the veracity of the traffic modelling then the RTA would have advised Council accordingly and requested further modelling be undertaken. As per the RTA advice of the 6 October 2011 no further request were made.

"We note that additional surveys have been undertaken which have demonstrated that the surveyed trips on a Thursday are less than those adopted for assessment. Accordingly, we accept that the Costco development has been appropriately considered for Thursday conditions. This may not be the case on Saturday and we note that additional surveys were not undertaken for this critical period."

<u>Comment</u>: Estimations of the traffic were applied from the Costco traffic report and an onsite traffic count was undertaken on the 20 October 2011 which resulting in less than the estimated rates applied in the development application. The single survey was considered appropriate given the length of time Costco had been in operation. Council also notes that the RTA did not request further surveying of the existing Costco development.

"We note that the applicant relies on the fact that there are presently 20 loading docks. In our view, a survey of existing demands would be a more useful method of establishing whether any spare capacity exists and whether this is sufficient for the needs of the proposed development."

<u>Comment</u>: This is noted. It is the conclusion of this report that sufficient loading facilities are available on site to service the development subject to adequate management of the loading dock facilities. See the ADCP 2010 Parking and Loading assessment section of the report for further discussion.

"We note the matters raised by the RTA and confirm that these may be able to be dealt with by inclusion of appropriate conditions of consent. Nevertheless, the RTA would in our view be concerned with the analysis undertaken to date in the event that there is no acceptable explanation for the discrepancies in the trip rates as discussed above, both on the external road network and at all access driveways."

Comment: This is noted. Council notes that from the RTA submission dated 6 October 2011 that there was no requirement for any further information requests or re referral of information from the applicant back to the RTA. The RTA left the provisions of parking to be to Council's satisfaction and raised no objection to the traffic modelling as submitted.

The public interest (EP& A Act s79C(1)(e))

The public interest is served by permitting the orderly and economic development of land, in a manner that is sensitive to the surrounding environment and has regard to the reasonable amenity expectations of surrounding land users. In view of the foregoing analysis it is considered that the development, if carried out subject to the conditions set out in the recommendation below, will have no significant adverse impacts on the public interest.

Conclusion

The development application has been assessed in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.

The proposed development is appropriately located within B6 Enterprise Corridor under the provisions of the Auburn Local Environmental Plan 2010, however variations in relation to the total amount of parking required under the Auburn Development Control Plan 2010 Parking and Loading is sought.

Having regard to the assessment of the proposal from a merit perspective, the Joint Regional Planning Panel may be satisfied that the development has been responsibly designed and provides for acceptable levels of amenity for future occupants of the building. It is considered that the proposal successfully minimises adverse impacts on the amenity of neighbouring properties. Hence the development, irrespective of the departures noted above, is consistent with the intentions of Council's planning controls and represents a form of development contemplated by the relevant statutory and non statutory controls applying to the land.

For these reasons, it is considered that the proposal is satisfactory having regard to the matters of consideration under Section 79C of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979, and the development may be recommended for approval to the to the Joint Regional Planning Panel subject to conditions.

ATTACHMENTS Trim Number T057114/2011 Architectural Plans and Elevations